



# CHINA



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No. 36818

MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1957.

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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### TB IN NAURU

THE charges made in what appears to be a ministerial report on Australian trust territories concerning the high incidence of tuberculosis in Chinese workers from Hongkong at the Nauru phosphate works is surprising for a number of reasons. The authorities in Nauru are aware of the conditions under which Hongkong labour is recruited and medically examined for employment. One paragraph of the Reuter report quoting an Australian Government minister says: "In future all newcomers, irrespective of race, would be chest X-rayed within 24 hours of landing at Nauru. Suspects would be sent back by the ship which brought them." Hongkong workmen are already examined after arrival. Those found with tuberculosis are either returned to Nauru or sent to a tuberculosis clinic here.

### LATENT

IN this respect it is worth describing how Hongkong labour is recruited and how it is virtually impossible to detect latent infection under the system of recruiting at present in operation. Workers are engaged by Gibb Livingston Ltd and are sent to a firm of local doctors of high repute for medical examination. They are given only one X-ray, TB which Government officials say cannot possibly provide 100 per cent proof that the worker is entirely free of the disease. Authorities in Hongkong say that infection could only be detected after X-rays at regular intervals of six months, when negatives could be compared and it would be unthinkable to engage men in Hongkong and hold up their departure for six months so that another X-ray could be taken before they left. Admittedly the incidence of tuberculosis in Hongkong's overcrowded conditions is very high. And it can only be assumed here that where signs of tuberculosis were not visible at the time of screening in Hongkong, latent infection has developed in Nauru. Authorities point out that where the disease flourishes in this Colony's overcrowded conditions, in Nauru much better working and living conditions exist.

### SLAPDASH

THE statement that there is an "exceptionally high rate" of tuberculosis among Colony workers in Nauru therefore needs to be clarified. The charge that Hongkong's screening arrangements "have not succeeded" appears to be somewhat slapdash. Perhaps in condensing Mr. Paul Hasluck's report, the news agency has omitted other points or qualifications of the remarks reported in yesterday's Press. If necessary, Sir Harry Winderlich, Director of the Tuberculosis Division of the Australian Department of Health now in Hongkong could be asked to inspect screening arrangements here, though it is almost certain that he will find them virtually the same as those in other parts of the world. But he can at least provide his Government with the assurance that the greatest care is being taken to select workers from this Colony for work in Nauru if this assurance is required.

## "We Can Change An Egg's Sex," Says Firm

LONDON, Aug. 11. A FIRM claims to have found a way of controlling the sex of chickens so that out of any batch of eggs 90 per cent will be cockerels. An average batch of eggs produces hens and cockerels in equal numbers. But by dipping the eggs in a hormone preparation the Crown Chemical Co. of Lambeth, Kent, claims that the female eggs become male. There are 22,000 cockerels in

Kent and Sussex whose sex has been influenced by this preparation—as yet unnamed. Hatching experts, food manufacturers, and poultry rearers have collaborated. Mr. Arthur Gordon, chief hatcher, of Sutton Valence, who has treated most of the eggs used in experiments and who has reared thousands of the birds, said: "Cockerels fatten much faster than hens and their meat is superior. This hormone preparation is

cutting out wastage. In any clutch of 300 eggs about 100 will not hatch. If you can put 300 treated eggs into an incubator and be sure of getting nearly 200 cockerels, the cost of poultry will go down. A representative of the company said that these treated cockerels were intended only as table birds. They keep their male characteristics for the fattening of 10 to 16 weeks, when they are killed.

## 79 Killed In Atlantic Charter Flight

Quebec City, Aug. 11. A TRANS-ATLANTIC airliner carrying 79 persons on a flight from London crashed in flames 18 miles southwest of here today in undulating countryside, killing all aboard.

The Boeing wreckage was spotted by an aircraft belonging to Nordair Transport, an affiliate of Maritime Central Airways, owner of the four-engine DC-4. The pilot radioed that the plane, believed to have been on a charter flight, was still burning when he spotted it near the small community of Escoudun, 100 miles east of Montreal, Quebec.

The plane, chartered by the Imperial Veterans of Toronto, was carrying Canadian war veterans and their wives from London, where they had been attending ceremonies. The plane carried 73 passengers and a crew of six.

It was the worst crash in Canadian aviation history. The last major crash in Canada occurred last December 9, when 62 persons were killed in a TACA North Star which crashed on Mount Silver in British Columbia's coast range mountains.

The DC-4 had been scheduled to land at Montreal at 3 p.m. but was lost over Quebec City at 2:07. Shortly after that, radio contact with the aircraft was lost.

A two-man para-rescue team from the Royal Canadian Air Force base in Trenton, Ontario, stopped over the crash scene and reported no survivors. A ground party of Quebec Provincial Police and Royal Canadian Mounted Police cut their way through the dense bush, 13 miles from the nearest road, to reach the burning wreckage. They also reported no survivors.

—United Press.

## POLITICAL ASYLUM ASKED

LONDON, Aug. 11. A Home Office official disclosed tonight that Mr. Istvan Adam, the personal secretary to the Hungarian Charge d'Affaires in London, had asked for political asylum in Britain. The official said: "He asked for permission to stay here but no decision has yet been taken." Mr. Adam was known to have left the legation a week ago, but at that time neither the Home Office nor the Foreign Office would comment on reports that he had asked for asylum.

Mr. Adam's present whereabouts are unknown.—Reuter.

## Reconstruction Of Imperial Palace

TOKYO, Aug. 11. The Imperial Household Agency here announced that two designers attached to the Imperial Household Agency are to visit 14 European countries this year to gather ideas for the planned reconstruction of the Imperial Palace in Tokyo.

## LIONESS MAULS TAMERS

Milan, Aug. 11. A lioness gave birth prematurely to a still-born cub at the Orfei circus here last night, and then attacked and wounded two tamers who had helped her in the difficult delivery.

Lion tamers Orlando Orfei, owner of the circus, and Dene Swand Erwey turned into animal obstetricians when the lioness went down prematurely with labour pains. After consulting, frantically by long-distance telephone with the Director of the Turin Zoo, they decided to step into the cage and speed up the delivery. Their intervention saved the life of the lioness. But when they turned to leave, the infuriated animal assaulted them, clawing Orfei's hands and biting Erwey in the arms.

Doctors at Seregno Hospital, where the two men were, checked-up after receiving first aid at the circus infirmary, said their condition was not serious. Erwey and Orfei took the incident lightly. They are so familiar with lions that last March 12 they had their baby daughters baptised in the lion's cage.

The ill-fated whelping was the day's second. Earlier another lioness gave birth without accident to three cubs in the same circus.—United Press.

## FRENCH LEAVE CYPRUS

Nicosia, Aug. 11. French forces bade an official farewell to Cyprus at a brief ceremony in Limassol harbour yesterday—almost exactly 12 months after their arrival for the Egyptian invasion.

The men were from the 2/791 Air Company stationed at Akrotiri. About 200 are scheduled to leave the island on Wednesday.

At yesterday's parade the RAF Middle East band played the British and French national anthems as the unit marched past the Cyprus District Deputy Commissioner, Bulgarian Rupert Elstone.

They have never taken part in anti-terrorist activities and have moved freely through the towns, favourably received by the Cypriots.

A large crowd of dock labourers who watched the departure ceremony responded to the three cheers offered by the French.—United Press.

## MOUNTAIN RESCUE ATTEMPT FOILED

Grindelwald, Aug. 11. Alpine guides faced by a violent storm on top Mount Elger today postponed a new effort to rescue injured Italian climber Stefano Longhi, who has been lashed to the mountain side to prevent him from falling.

The guides were about to make the new attempt after moving the wind cable when the storm broke out. French guide Lionel Terray, who was forced to abandon an earlier attempt to rescue Longhi when his radio equipment failed, had advised the switch in the position of the winch.

The guides decided to await better weather conditions before making a new attempt.

## BRILLIANT LANDING BY BOAC PILOT

LONDON, Aug. 11. A British Overseas Airways Singapore-London flight plane made a flaming emergency landing tonight but there were no injuries and only minor damage.

The four-engine Constellation circled London Airport for an hour, unable to get its landing gear completely down.

The pilot, F. K. Bainbridge, attempting to bring the liner in with the wheels still in their frozen position, grazed the ground with its left wing. An orange flame shot out from behind as the plane touched down.

Fire trucks immediately smothered the plane with foam, preventing any possibly major fire.

Passengers left the only slightly-damaged plane unhurt. Full emergency measures were put into operation at the airport after the Constellation's skipper, Captain F.K. Bainbridge, signalled that the undercarriage would not lower.

SEVERAL RUNS

The plane made several low runs over the airport as the crew struggled, manually, to wind down the wheels.

A spokesman told reporters, during this operation, that Capt. Bainbridge signalled "he was not 'unduly worried, and has asked for a tractor to tow the plane in after landing."

Subsequently, the Constellation was diverted from the main runways. While it flew around the crew continued to lower the wheels.

Spotter in the main control tower reported seeing the nose wheel of the plane half down, but none of the others had lowered.

## WIFE BEATER BLOWS UP SELF AND THREE OTHERS

Yreka, Calif., Aug. 11. A 47-year-old mill worker blew up himself, his two children and a son-in-law today when he attempted to throw a home-made bomb at his wife who recently has him gaoled for beating her.

The dynamite bomb literally blew its maker, Wilbur Smith, to pieces. Killed instantly with Smith in the thunderous blast were his 18-year-old son, Ted, and his 24-year-old son-in-law, Douglas Sturges. Charlotte Sturges, 20, Smith's daughter, was dead on arrival at Siskiyou County Hospital.

Smith's wife, Clara, was in hospital suffering from hysterics. The tragedy took place in the driveway of the Sturges home in this small community in the Northern California mountains. Sheriff Al Cottar said Smith, who was molested on wife-beating charges in July, apparently was determined to revenge himself on his wife, who was at her daughter's home.

CLOSE TO CHEST

Cottar said Sturges and the young boy must have tried to stop Smith from entering the apartment house where Mrs. Smith was staying.

Cottar said the condition of what was left of Smith's body indicated he was holding some kind of home-made bomb close to his chest.

A witness to the explosion, Pat Swickard, 18-year-old daughter of the apartment house landlord, said she saw Charlotte struggling with Smith and that the two men came up to help her. Then there was

an explosion, she told the sheriff.

The blast rocked the town and was heard and felt at least two miles outside the town limits. The force of the bomb scattered pieces of its victims over a 200-foot radius.—United Press.

## 122-Year-Old Tax Debt

ROME, Aug. 11. Elephants and the tax collector never forget. The tax collector in Cagliari set out today to get his hands on a tax payment now 122 years overdue.

The original judgment was rendered against a local resident, Cosimo Cugui, in 1835. He refused to pay up and handed the bill to his son when he died.

Through the succeeding century, the bill has passed from son to son, with each generation of the family fighting it in its turn.

Today, it was up to the latest in the line of Cuguis.

The amount involved is 100 lire—12 cents (HK\$0.72) in today's currency.—United Press.

## NZ PREMIER RETIRING

Wellington, Aug. 12. Mr Sydney Holland, Prime Minister of New Zealand, is resigning it was announced here today.

Mr Holland has been suffering from a back disability for about 10 weeks and there have been persistent rumours recently that he would retire.

Prime Minister in December, 1949. For his first five years as Prime Minister he held the finance portfolio as well.—Reuter.

## Mount Fuji Reported Active

TOKYO, Aug. 11. A team of Japanese scientists today began climbing Mount Fuji, Japan's 12,319-foot-high sacred mountain following reports one of its craters was showing signs of activity.

The volcanic mountain which has become world famous through song, film and postcard last erupted in 1708.

A spokesman for the Meteorological Observatory said large jets of black smoke were observed spewing out of the horizon crater near the summit of the mountain early this morning.

A National Railway and Bus Company spokesman said thousands of tourists were converging on the mountain from all over Japan in the hope it would erupt.—Reuter.

Mr Holland will formally announce his retirement from politics to the National Party conference today and nominate Mr Keith Jack Holyoake, the deputy Prime Minister, as his successor.

Mr Holland's intention is to retire from politics at the end of the present parliamentary session, expected about the end of September.

Mr Holland, now 64, entered Parliament in 1935 and became

## A Machine That's A Genius

LONDON, Aug. 12. British industry today announced the production of an electronic digital computer which can do the work of any electronic brain in the world.

The new brain, which solves problems up to 50 times faster than any other computer made in Western Europe, is known as the Ferranti "Mercury."

Its key feature is a new type of memory cell, the nerve centre of an electronic brain. The "Mercury" cell is a tiny magnetic ring, which not only increases the range of problems which can be solved but is also largely responsible for the brain's greater speed, the makers said.

European nations already have placed orders for the new "genius." The first export model will be shipped to Norway within a few weeks. Others are on order for France and Switzerland.

7 FOR GOVERNMENT

The British Government has ordered seven of the computers at £100,000 each.

They will be used to speed up Britain's "new look" defence programme for atomic research and in universities.

"This new computer puts Britain among the leaders in electronic computer manufacture," said B. W. Pollard, head of the computer department of the Ferranti Company.

"It is essentially for large-scale research work which could previously be done only by a few very large and expensive computers in the United States," he said.—United Press.

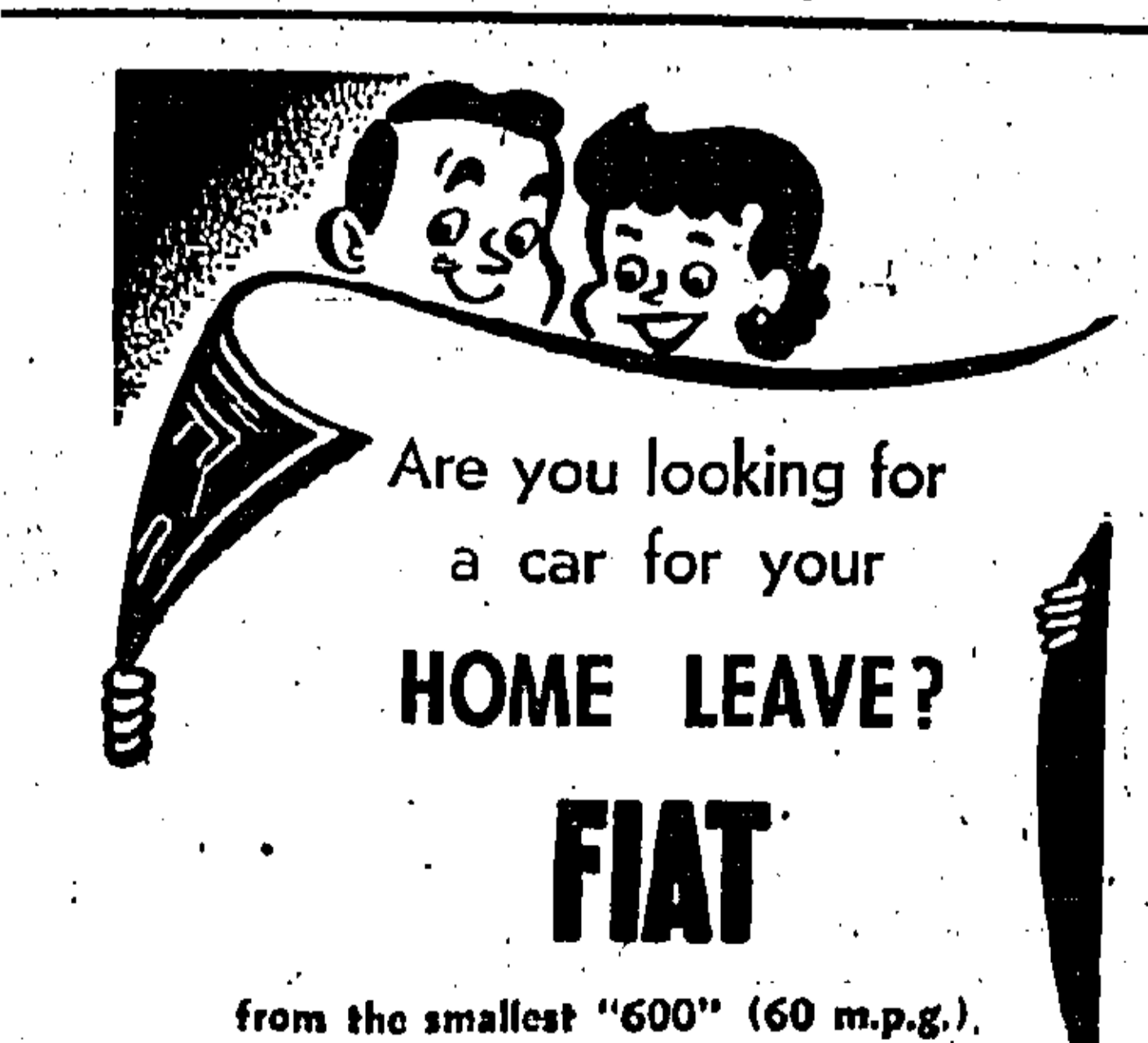
## Rossellini Leaves

NEW DELHI, Aug. 11. Italian film director Roberto Rossellini quietly left here for Bombay today. He checked out of his hotel suddenly and arrived at the airport "just in time to board a plane."

It was an apparent bid to avoid reporters, and a crowd, who did not this time take any notice of him.—United Press.



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by Walt Disney-RKO

Regular Prices  
Special Prices for Children: Back Stall \$1.20,  
Dress Circle \$2.00

FINAL 2 SHOWS

At 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. At 7.30 & 9.40 p.m.



GEORGE SANDERS • YVONNE DE CARLO • ZSA ZSA GABOR

VICTOR JORDY • NANCY GATES • COLLEEN GRAY

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ROXY: At 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M. BROADWAY: At 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

More daring than the screen has ever dared before!



DARRYL F. ZANUCK'S

ISLAND IN THE SUN

Color by De Luxe Cinemascope

PRODUCED BY DARRYL F. ZANUCK-ALFRED HAYES

# ORIENTAL MAJESTIC

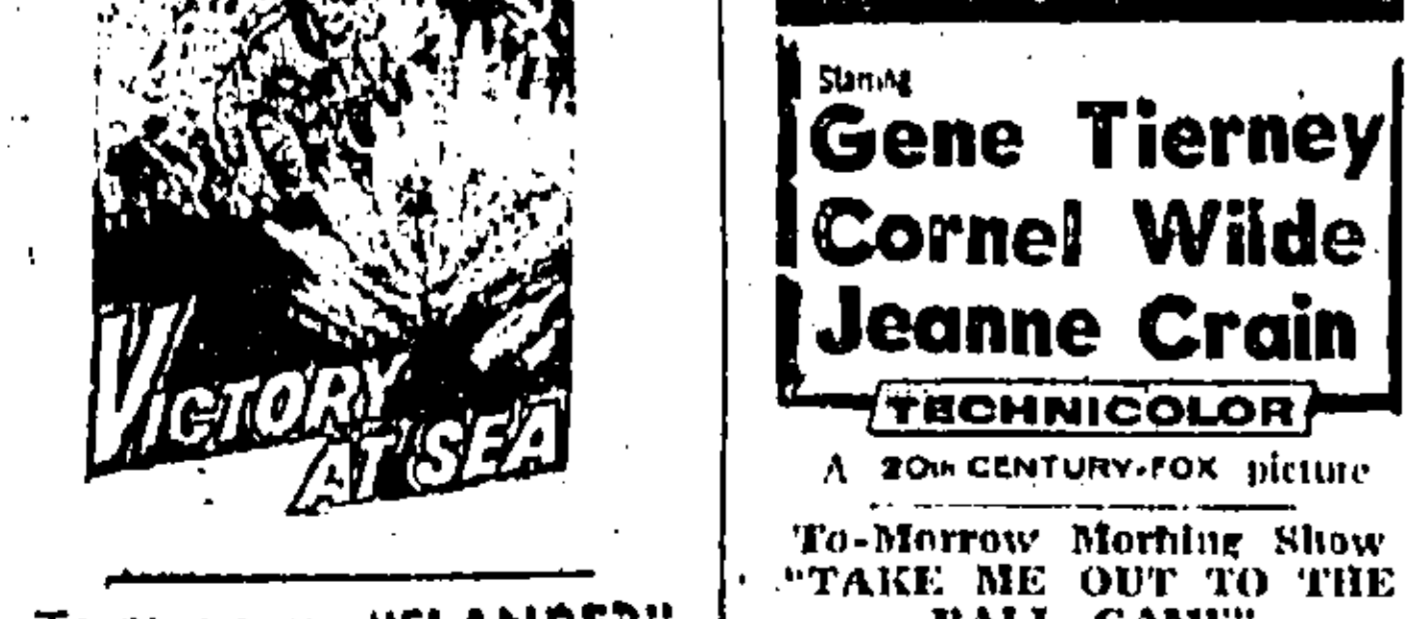
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TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

An exciting & interesting film.

Taken from actual scenes.



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A 20th Century-Fox picture

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"TAKE ME OUT TO THE BALL GAME"

To-morrow: "SLANDER"

POP

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VE BEEN TRAVELLING ON THIS TRAIN FOR YEARS

IM BACK OF THESE JOKES ABOUT SLOW TRAINS!

Nationalised citizen

PRECIOUS DROPS FOR PRECIOUS MOMENTS. CHERRY HEERING

# GUERRILLA UNITS IN OMAN?

## Main Question Is Whether Tribes Will Help Imam

Jerusalem, Aug. 11.

Israel's Air Force is "well able to stand up against the latest planes acquired by Egypt," the Commander-in-Chief of the Israeli Air Force said today.

An interview published in the current issue of the monthly magazine, "Air Force Journal," said Israel was "taking all necessary steps to be prepared to tackle Egypt's newest planes," including the Russian MiG-17.

Tolkowsky said lessons learned during the lightning seven-day Sinai campaign "which couldn't have been learned during previous training" have already been incorporated into Air Force training.

He said Israel is turning to jets throughout its Air Force, but holding prop-driven planes as a reserve force.

Meanwhile, reliable reports reaching Jerusalem said Syria was sending more MiG-19s from Russia under a military agreement reached in Moscow last week.

It has also been reported here that Syria has acquired five Russian MiG-19s from Russia and already has sent 24 officers to the Polish port of Gdynia in order to be trained in the handling of submarines. — United Press.

## ABLE TO STAND UP TO EGYPT

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Bahrain, Aug. 11.

The Imam of Oman, leader of the Oman rebellion, who fled from the town of Nizwa with a large part of the rebel forces shortly before the town fell to the troops of the Sultan of Muscat and Oman today may now form guerilla units.

The Imam and his forces had fled northwest towards the fort of Tanuf, British sources said. They said the main question now was whether the tribes would continue to help the rebels following the fall of Nizwa.

Southern Part

The Sultan's troops, commanded by British officers, had occupied easily the southern part of Nizwa today, according to the latest reports from the front.

In the assault on Nizwa today, British troops were integrated into the "battle corps" and covered with automatic weapons the right and left flanks of the troops of the Sultan. However, the British troops have not entered Nizwa, and only the forces of the Sultan occupy the southern part of the town.

Nizwa is a town of lives of human misery and of wars.

It is an oasis lost in the desert, plagued by drought, dominated by the "salt covered" mountains.

The inhabitants of Nizwa are the most primitive people of the Arabian peninsula. Scarceness of all kinds rage among the population which devotes its energy to the growing of dates.

Leaves Tremble

From daybreak, flies buzz everywhere. In hopes no huge that they make the leaves of the palm trees tremble.

Nizwa has been a centre of war since the eight century A.D., when the first Imam of Oman was proclaimed. Local leaders rose against the Imam, sacked the town and beheaded the Imam before recognising a limited "internal autonomy" for Central Oman.

Since that time, Nizwa has been the centre of wars between Arab sects and tribes.

Today, in that primitive town, there is only one automobile, an American car belonging to the Sheikh Salim bin Hamar, Chief of the tribes of the rebel Akhbar, whose 400 warriors rose in revolt against the Sultan along with some 200 troops brought into Oman from Saudi Arabia, and who surrendered today. — France-Press.

ALL FAIL EXCEPT CHILD

York, Pa., Aug. 11.

An eight-year-old farm boy said today he found what the National Guard, armed with mine detectors, was unable to locate—an engagement ring in a haystack.

Stanley Weisling said he was playing around a pile of hay when he "just came up with it."

Barbara Summers, 20, lost the ring a week ago in a hay stack while visiting relatives, Stanley's parents. The ring had been lost to her by almanac David Fleming, who is stationed in Kansas.

NATIONAL GUARD

Miss Summers became frantic and called out the National Guard for help.

A local unit of the Guard joined the search on Friday with mine detectors but to no avail.

The Guard was on its way to the Wakeling farm to resume the search yesterday when Stanley made the discovery while playing. — United Press.

AN APOLOGY

He went on: "And I demand an apology."

Scouts who had gathered for the service from Ceylon, Canada, Austria, Switzerland and many other nations, stood stock still and silent. The Buddhist priest refused to be drawn into an argument.

Mr. Wongsatung said that he was in charge. "I can tell you that we have been given permission to use this marquee for our religious service by the Jambooree Headquarters," he said. "We have invited all contingents here to the ceremony." Then he added: "I apologise and we are very sorry." — Reuters.

WHITE CLOTH

When Mr. Lewis, in scout uniform, walked into the marquee, Buddhist scouts were preparing their altar—a white cloth draped over a table on which were arranged flowers, two images of Buddha and several other ornaments.

Mr. Lewis looked around the marquee and declared: "I walk into this marquee and I find my altar has been removed and another one put in its place."

Addressing the assembled scouts and A. Sadha Tera, a Buddhist priest who had travelled here from the London Buddhist Villare (temple) to conduct the service, the chairman asked: "I would like to know what right you have in being here? Who gave you permission?"

Mr. Lewis walked into the marquee and demanded to know what a Buddhist priest and Buddhist scouts were doing there.

Earlier in the day, the marquee had been used by scouts for a Church of England service.

RELIGION CLASH AT SCOUT JAMBOREE

Sutton Park, Aug. 11.

A Church of England clergyman tonight issued a statement at the World Scout Jubilee Jamboree here after an incident between himself and the Deputy Leader of the Ceylon scout contingent in a tent reserved for religious services earlier today.

The Reverend Cecil Lewis, who has been acting as Chaplain in the sub-continent where the Ceylon contingent has been living during the Jamboree, said he regretted that there had been an "impression" in the camp that he had said "more than was altogether justified" what a Buddhist priest and Buddhist scouts were doing there.

Scouts of many nations watched silently when the Reverend Cecil Lewis, in scout uniform, walked into the marquee, Buddhist scouts were preparing their altar—a white cloth draped over a table on which were arranged flowers, two images of Buddha and several other ornaments.

Mr. Lewis looked around the marquee and declared: "I walk into this marquee and I find my altar has been removed and another one put in its place."

Addressing the assembled scouts and A. Sadha Tera, a Buddhist priest who had travelled here from the London Buddhist Villare (temple) to conduct the service, the chairman asked: "I would like to know what right you have in being here? Who gave you permission?"

Mr. Lewis walked into the marquee and demanded to know what a Buddhist priest and Buddhist scouts were doing there.

Damascus, Aug. 11.

Visiting Saudi Arabian Minister of State Ahmed Choukri today discussed the "danger" of Israeli domination of the Gulf of Akaba with Syrian Foreign Minister Salah Bittar.

Choukri, who arrived in Damascus from Jordan today, said he had discussed with Bittar the following points:

★ 1. His opinion on the "danger" that would threaten the security of the Arab countries in case of Israeli domination of the Gulf of Akaba.

★ 2. The fact that, if Israeli controlled the Gulf, the "Red Sea, which constitutes the main Arab navigation route would fall under the control of Israeli."

★ 3. Israel would also have access to various Asian and African countries, and would "dominate their markets and exploit their resources."

★ 4. Israel would be able to carry out its plan to build a pipeline from Elah to Haifa, with the aid of "certain foreign powers."

Shirley after his sleep-over, Choukri left for Beirut for talks with Lebanese political leaders. — France-Press.

THE CONTROL

NEW POLICY

An informed source said that as a result of Choukri's talks in Amman with King Hussein of Jordan, Jordan would soon inaugurate a new policy with King Hussein at re-establishing good relations among the Arab countries.

AMERICAN ADVOCATES PEKING RECOGNITION

Moscow, Aug. 11.

A Boston Minister, defending his decision to visit Communist China despite the State Department ban, said today that he considered it "contrary to Christ's Gospel" to withhold recognition from the Peking regime.

The Rev. Warren McKenna, an Episcopalian pastor, said he considered the State Department wrong in discouraging American attendance at the Moscow Youth Festival and "wrong in its attitude toward China."

Mr. McKenna is one of more than 50 American Youth Festival participants who volunteered for a free trip to Peking this week. Plans are not yet completed but 40 are expected to make the trip despite a warning from the State Department that it could cost them their passports.

LARGER QUESTION

"Once again the United States is presented with an opportunity through young people to explain the American way of life," he said. "The question is only a small part of a larger question of principle."

"The necessity for peace-making and for true negotiations implies recognition of facts," said Mr. McKenna. "Six hundred million Chinese are facts. I believe it is in the interests of the United States to recognize Communist China and that Communist China be admitted to the United Nations."

"I believe this strongly and I will take every opportunity to apply it. I consider it is morally right to go to China to promote this end."

"As a Christian I believe in the solidarity of all mankind." — United Press.

Climbers Killed

Chamonix, French Alps, Aug. 11.

Two French mountain climbers were killed today when an avalanche of ice swept them some 250 feet down a mountain side in the French Alps. The two bodies were taken to Chamonix. — France-Press.

CAIRO, Aug. 11.

The Egyptian newspaper "Al Mesra" reported today that the Soviet Union has proposed the opening of diplomatic relations with Saudi Arabia. — France-Press.

# QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★

ROARING OUT OF THE MISSOURI-KANSAS BORDERLAND!

The story of Chad Morgan—who gave the big land the biggest showdown it had ever seen!

ALAN LADD VIRGINIA MAYO EDMOND O'BRIEN

in STAMPEDED

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AIR-CONDITIONED

STAR THEATRE METROPOLE

TO-DAY ONLY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

# SOVIET BACKROOM BOYS



FOSTER DULLES  
He Wonders Aloud

## Burgess & Maclean Playing Vital Role In Foreign Policy?

By DONALD J. GONZALES

Washington, Aug. 11. SECRETARY of State, John Foster Dulles, suspects that runaway British diplomats Guy Burgess and Donald Maclean may be playing important roles in carrying out Soviet foreign policy manoeuvres.

Mr Dulles has wondered aloud whether Burgess and Maclean, who fled to Russia from Britain six years ago, are working in the Soviet Foreign Office. The idea occurred to Mr Dulles after he detected a more effective understanding of Western psychology in Soviet diplomatic notes.

The Secretary has asked US intelligence agencies to try to find out more about who is conducting Russian foreign policy operations. American officials do not feel that Burgess and Maclean are actually making Soviet foreign policy decisions. But their advice may be taken into account by Soviet foreign policy officials at the policy making level.

### Great Value

Mr Dulles and his staff want to know more about their opposite numbers in the Kremlin. Such information would be of considerable value in trying to judge the future course of Soviet foreign policy.

Mr Dulles and his advisers have been impressed by some Soviet manoeuvres in the Middle East where the Communists constantly try to stir up trouble. Significantly, Maclean was assigned to the British Embassy in Cairo beginning in 1943. He was recalled to London in May, 1950, after working the Cairo legation of an American girl in a drunken brawl.

Informants said an American recently saw Burgess in a Moscow hotel. Both Burgess and Maclean were present by the Russians in Moscow at a propaganda news conference on February 13, 1956.

### Suited To Assist

Maclean and Burgess are admirably suited to assist in Soviet diplomatic jousting with the West. As a former British Foreign Office, both men once were assigned to the British Embassy in Washington.

Maclean is regarded as the more competent and experienced diplomat. He was assigned to the Embassy in Washington from 1943 to 1948. He worked primarily on atomic energy matters, including detection of secret information.

He served on an American-British panel which worked inside the US Atomic Energy Commission headquarters. It was appointed chief of the American section of the British Foreign Office in November, 1950. This job put him in a position to know American-Alien secrets during the Korean War.

### Extra Critical

Burgess was assigned to the British Embassy here on Aug. 7, 1950, as a second secretary. He soon built a reputation for being extra critical of American policies, and once denounced congressional inquiries into the question of Communism in government. He was known to Washington area police who stopped him more than once for speeding. He was sent back to London in May, 1951, under a cloud.

Both Maclean and Burgess dropped out of sight in Britain on May 25, 1951, just as British intelligence agents were ready to nab them as Russian spies. They were tipped off by another British that the spy net was closing in on them.

Maclean's American-born wife, Molinda, fled Britain in September, 1953, with her three children, and later joined her husband in Moscow.

## Adenauer Speaks Out

Hanover, Aug. 11.

The West German Chancellor, Dr Konrad Adenauer, repeated his claim today that a Social Democratic victory in the coming elections would ruin Germany.

He said: "The Social Democrats can show as much as they like—I stick to my opinion—Germany will become a Russian satellite if the Social Democrats win the elections."—Reuter.

## ARE THESE TWO ADVISING?



DONALD MACLEAN  
The American Expert



GUY BURGESS  
Under A Cloud

## VENTILATION... FRENCH STYLE



The trouble with those ball gowns of the 1850's was that it made one so hot. However, the French seem to have overcome that by combining a little of the ancient with a little of the modern. The result, seen in Paris recently, "Du Vent Dans Les Voiles" (Home Wind In The Sails).—Central Press Photo.

## Britain's 'Angry Young Man' Gets Married

London, Aug. 11.

Britain's "angry young man," John Osborne, found cause for anger here tonight when he was discovered attempting to slip out of the country by air with Mary Ure, one of this country's leading actresses, whom he married "secretly" earlier today.

The man, who in "Look Back in Anger" produced the cult of the "angry young man" in Britain, was married to Miss Ure at Chelsea Register Office.

The romance between 27-year-old Osborne and the beautiful 24-year-old stage star, who is due to appear in New York later this year in the play which rocketed him to fame, had been rumoured here for months. But in the past week both denied they were planning to get married in the near future.

### THEIR SECRET

Their secret was maintained until they had almost boarded a plane for Cannes tonight.

Listed under different names, they were not recognised until they had cleared passport and customs formalities and were waiting in the final departure lounge.

When they were spotted, Miss Ure burst into tears and declared angrily: "I am supposed to be back at Pinewood studios tomorrow. I am working on a film 'Windom's Way'."

She paused, ran to a gallery and cried "Oh, why do I have to give the film publicity. I am not supposed to be leaving the country at all."

The wedding, bride was led back to her seat by Osborne

who declared angrily: "We were trying to be clever by keeping the whole thing secret, but it seems to have got out now."

He added: "We have both been working a 14-hour day lately. It makes you a bit tense."

He said he thought his wife had to be back at work on the film on Wednesday.

Miss Ure tried to avoid photographers as she walked quickly to the plane with her husband.

Osborne said they were going to honeymoon "near Cannes." This is Miss Ure's first marriage and Osborne's second. Osborne was granted a divorce from his first wife, Pamela, last April.—China Mail Special.

## Longest Tunnel

Peking, Aug. 11.

Work has started on the longest railway tunnel in China.

The tunnel, which is 4,600 yards long, is at Liang Feng Yu, on the new Chungking-Kweiyang Railway. In the south-west.

It is about 2,200 yards longer than the previous longest at Ching Ling Pass on the Pao Chai-Chengta Railway.—Reuter.

## Japanese Liquor Sales Going Up & Up 'PAPASAN' WANTS HIS COCKTAIL

By SYDNEY BROOKES

Tokyo, Aug. 11.

When the tired Japanese businessman comes home from work it is likely these days that a considerate wife will cool him off with a cocktail instead of green tea.

## Disarmament Talks

## COMPROMISE ANSWER SOUGHT

London, Aug. 11. WESTERN search for a way to ban nuclear weapons from military use without ruining the West's defence strategy sent the London disarmament conference into a new delay today.

The hunt is for a compromise answer to Russia's tongue-in-cheek offers of a total but unenforceable ban on nuclear weapons.

Western delegates have been consulting for weeks on the philosophy of a proposed treaty clause barring aggressive use of H-bombs and A-bombs but rationing their use in self-defence.

### LAST ITEM

This is now the last major item to be dealt with in the West's long-drawn-out answer to Russia's April 10 offer.

US delegate Harold Stassen presented last week that the Western proposals would be completed in the near future. Whether he would be ready to proceed with the nuclear clause when the conference resumes on Tuesday was not known.

Russia asked a total ban on use of nuclear weapons, and destruction of existing stocks.

### TWO GROUNDS

The West rejected this on two grounds. First, only the nuclear deterrent provided an answer to the Communist's over-whelming conventional forces. Secondly, there is no way of guaranteeing that all nuclear stocks have been done away with.

The Western counter-offer was to write a treaty putting nuclear weapons under the same rules as other weapons in article 61 of the United Nations Charter. This provides for nations or groups of nations to take military action in self-defence.

The informal answer of Soviet delegate Valerian Zorin informed sources said, is that Russia would not have accepted article 51 when the United Nations was formed. If the threat of nuclear weapons was known then.—United Press.

## ROBBERY SUSPECT CAUGHT

Missouri, Mo., Aug. 11.

Missouri police last night arrested Richard McFall, 38, wanted in Los Angeles, California in connection with the daring US\$100,000 robbery of Opera Star Lauritz Melchior on June 18.

McFall was the last of a four-man gang indicted by the Los Angeles County Grand Jury for robbery and kidnapping still at large. He did not put up a struggle when arrested and denied any knowledge of the crime.

### ALERTED

Sgt. James P. Lamoreaux said the Los Angeles authorities had alerted Montana police to be on the look out for McFall on a tip he might be heading for that part of the country.

Last week San Francisco police picked up another member of the gang, Louis G. Spivak. Two others were arrested three days after the robbery.

The gang broke into Melchior's home and held the partly operative tenor and his wife at gun point while they looted the luxurious Beverly Hills home of US\$100,000 worth of jewels and furs. All but US\$11,000 of the loot was recovered.—United Press.

## IKE VISITS WIFE

Washington, Aug. 11.

President Eisenhower today drove to Walter Reed Army Hospital to visit Mrs Eisenhower, recovering from an operation.

Mr James Hagerly, the White House Press Secretary, said today that her "recovery continues to be very satisfactory."—Reuter.

The cocktail hour has arrived as a fashion, or a new custom, here.

Those who cling to old customs complain that it is yet another Western "weakness" which has come to penetrate the traditions of old Japan—like short skirts, women who smoke in public, and boys and girls who hold hands as they walk in the park.

A party of Japanese housewives, who toured an American house here in June, expected to get some hints on how to handle husbands in what is supposed to be the American manner.

They had heard that in the United States men allowed women to go first through doorways, and gave up their seats to women in trains and buses. It was in fact true that women had the seats on the buses which run between one United States military establishment and another. But at home!

### EXCITEMENT

There was a good deal of excitement at the discovery that the American "papasani" came home from business to find the glasses, bottles and the shaker ready with its cargo of Whisky or Gin, Vermouth and ice.

Now, the American idea is being adopted here. Carpenters are reporting a demand for miniature bars to be constructed in corners of what

has traditionally been the austere Japanese house. Television stations report substantial income from domestic manufacturers advertising the new "hard" liquors which now compete with Sake (rice wine) for favour among Japanese.

Total sales of "foreign-style" alcoholic beverages last year reached more than 11,000,000 gallons compared with just over 2,000,000 in 1949.

### 30 PER CENT

One shop which specialised in Sake reported that 30 per cent of its sales are now of Western-style drinks.

To which "Yomiuri" added: "More and more, the way of life of the average Japanese family is becoming Westernised."

This year Japanese distillers expect to sell more than 14,000,000 gallons of hard liquor. Women still stand up in trains on their way home to the cocktail hour. Perhaps, father does the mixing.—Reuter.

## HOLLYWOOD JUMPY AS STARS AWAIT RULING

Hollywood, Aug. 11.

WELL over 100 nervous Hollywood celebrities today awaited a ruling which could free many of them from testifying in the trial of "Confidential" magazine about spy tales of Filmland.

Earlier court efforts on the stand he "certainly did" would answer stories to "Hijuro" celebrities, saying he was "proud" he wrote the Remy Calhoun story and that he also did stories on Marilyn Monroe, Van Johnson, Richard Carlson and John D. Rockefeller.

Crowley said later this testimony had "nothing to do" with the case concerning the Meades on trial charged with conspiracy to commit criminal libel.

Rushmore testified for the prosecution that actress Frances de Saffia, ex-wife of actor Bruce Cabot, had been one of his chief sources in Hollywood and that she told him "if there are some secrets I don't know, I'll find them out even if I have to have an affair with the man involved."

### THE TRUTH

But Crowley said he hoped for a ruling which would allow him to keep on top of all his witnesses. If he had to testify to "the truth" about the scandal stories.

The Attorney, representing Fred and Marjorie Meade, operators of Hollywood Research, asked for a ruling on Friday on whether statements about stories other than those mentioned in the prosecution would be admissible as evidence. He said if the ruling was against inclusion of testimony on stories not directly involved in the suit, he would not be able to call many of those subpoenaed.

The State has said it would concentrate its prosecution on articles involving Marjorie O'Hara, Dorothy Dandridge, Robert Mitchum, Dick Powell, Corinne Calvert, Mae West, John Carroll and Mark Stevens. But the prosecution has subpoenaed many other stars to testify concerning Confidential stories, including Gary Cooper, Sonny Tufts, Buddy Ebsen, Lana Turner, Walter Pidgeon and Scott Brady.

"It is significant that of 670 stories appearing over a five-year period, the District Attorney's office found only eight which they considered libelous enough for action," Crowley said. "These stories are based on truth. Let's look at all of them."

### SURPRISES

At the same time, Crowley said he intended to "renewly concentrate" tomorrow on cross-examination of Howard Rushmore, former editor of Confidential and a key witness in the case. He said it was significant that Rushmore was "an Editor of Unrecovered Magazine," while testifying against Confidential.

Crowley promised "surprises" which will discredit Rushmore and substantiate stories about Confidential.

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## Mountaineers Killed

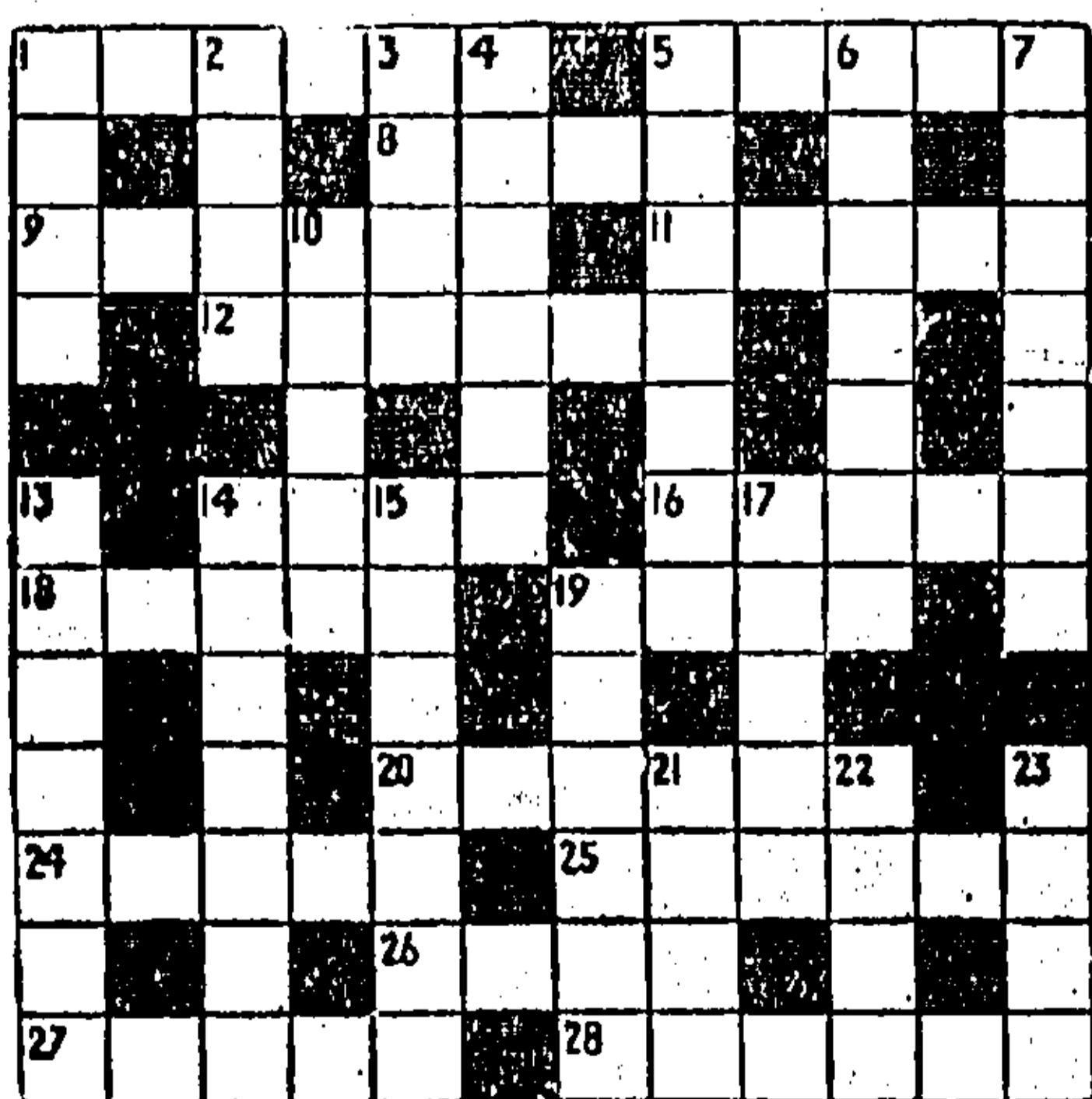
Sion, Switzerland, Aug. 11.

Two German alpinists were injured and three Swiss mountaineers killed in two separate Alpine accidents in Switzerland within the past 48 hours.

The two Germans, who slipped and fell some 40 metres at a spot near the Monte Rosa Hut some 3,600 metres up in the Alps, were flown to the Sion Hospital for treatment.

The three Swiss were killed in an accident on the 3,671 metres Eichenkornhorn.—United Press.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS  
1 He's in residence (6).  
5 She's the same either way, and— (6).  
8 —so is she! (4).  
9 Foreigners (6).  
11 Very small bit of corn (5).  
12 Foreign troops perhaps (6).  
14 Its share is large (1).  
16 Dance (5).  
18 Willow twig (5).  
19 Medal struck before meals (4).  
20 A land may have one (6).  
24 Criminal claim (5).  
25 Museum piece (6).  
26 Half a dozen balls (4).  
27 Marbles in Scotland (5).  
28 Offer behind a locomotive (6).
- DOWN  
1 Russian name (4).  
2 Send by post (4).  
3 After-dinner (4).  
4 Flag officer (6).  
5 Provides a spark (7).  
6 Pulling out teeth? (7).  
7 Lizard in school (7).  
10 Human pledge (7).  
11 Halt! (7).  
13 Great speech (7).  
15 Rags (5).  
17 Top accommodation (6).  
21 Uncommonly underdone (4).  
22 Fixed with the scores equal (4).  
23 May of colour, so to speak (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Panic, 4 Street, 8 Pugdog, 10 Idiot, 12 Adroit, 14 Reserve, 17 Rose, 19 Allured, 20 Destination, 22 April, 23 Castles, 27 Arrive, 28 Mole, 30 Errand, 31 Desert, 32 Fosse, Down: 1 Piper, 2 Nougat, 3 Cedar, 5 Trio, 6 Editor, 7 Titled, 8 Advance, 11 Direct, 16 Release, 18 Even, 19 Entire, 19 Hero, 20 Damned, 21 Stalsh, 22 Strap, 25 Leads, 26 Editor, 28 Body.

# The Men Behind Polythene Britain's Greatest Wonder

They took the gas from fermented molasses; put it in a foot long test-tube made of steel; heated the 'bomb' in boiling oil. Then if it didn't explode they counted themselves lucky and looked for Polythene.

THEY put off the experiment till after tea because if it was going to end in a 'loud bang'—a scientist's understatement for blowing the place up—the fewer people around the laboratory the better.

So as the rest left, three went back: studious Michael (always called Paul) Perrin, engineer Dermot Manning, a merry man from Suffolk, and young Lawrie Mills, who was the lab. assistant.

They were playing with a gas called ethylene which came from alcohol which came from fermented molasses, and its main use up to then was preserving apples and putting patients to sleep.

And they were playing with pressures such as the world knew little about.

The idea was to get ethylene twice as hot as boiling water under a pressure of 30,000 lb.—the pressure inside a twenty-five-pounder shell as it explodes—and see if they could make deliberately what two colleagues had made by 'fortunate' accident two years earlier.

These two—tough rugby-playing 'Hoot' Gibson and dour Yorkshireman Eddie Fawcett—were working under research chief J. C. Swallow, had not been aiming at any set end-product, just doing pure research in the laboratories newly built by Imperial Chemical Industries, at Winnington, in Cheshire.

Ethylene and a sweet-smelling liquid called benzaldehyde were heated and compressed to see if they would react. They wouldn't, but when Gibson slipped his apparatus he found specks of white 'wax' that had not been there before.

Analysts said this was ethylene battered into a new form by the pressure. The scientist knows these new forms as polymers. The world was to know this one, eventually, as polythene, or Alkathene which is ICI's trade name for it.

## Gibson's Wax and BANG GALORE

In the fast-growing plastics industry, polythene is the fastest growing plastic, used for wrapping potatoes and protecting clothes, making water pipes, and stopping buckets and hundreds of other things around the house.

As an insulator of cables, which was the first use they saw for it, it is supreme. The new Atlantic cable uses it.

When Gibson produced those first specks of 'wax' on March 27, 1933, he could have foreseen none of this. But research is costly, and once under way goes on until the product is proved—or scrapped. And Gibson's 'wax' had the scientists intrigued.

Two days after their experiment, Gibson and Fawcett tried again, but all they got was an explosion that shattered the gauges.

Gibson's 'lost tube' was made of steel. A foot long and two-and-a-quarter inches in diameter, it

By JACK MILLER

looked like the inside of a vacuum flask and was called a 'bomb' because it was heated in boiling oil—which smelled foul—and whenever it exploded it splattered the oil everywhere.

Exhausted they were always ready and bang put the researchers back more than a couple of days. But there were too many bangs. Ethylene was a dangerous gas, and experiments were barred until safer apparatus was ready.

Dermot Manning, a metals expert Eric Colbeck, and Brian Vignar, another scientist, prepared a thick, brick blast-cubicle, with peep-holed steel doors, were built into the laboratory and the gauges were mounted outside so that experiments could be done by remote control.

And so to ten-time... December 20, 1933. No hot oil now, for the bomb was buried in a copper block, electrically heated.

On went the pressure, first by pumping a hand lever, then by turning a wheel that forced liquid down the incredibly fine pressure pipes that led into the bomb.

Things were always tricky, and so much was out of the scientists' control—the purity of the gas, for instance. If there wasn't enough oxygen in it all they could expect was a few specks like Gibson had got. Too much oxygen, and there would probably be an explosion.

And they were using fifteen times as much stuff as ever before. Even Manning, who is essentially a placid man, says: "We were a bit nervous."

Something went wrong. A leak somewhere. They pumped and pumped but the gauges wouldn't stay up. The way Manning told me: "I thought the experiment was a complete hash shot."

"There didn't seem much point going on, but we had a limited charge of gas so we thought we might as well push it all through."

"The red light came on to show we'd used it up so after we'd blown the pressure off we went into the cubicle—feeling a bit guilty, anyway—and we took the apparatus down."

"We weren't going to bother to open it even, but Perrin said that having got this far we might as well look inside."

"Then... it was a terrific thrill. As he opened it the white powder started spilling all round him. We'd made about twenty

grams—hundreds of times more than ever before."

Polythene had been made to order, but with a lot of luck. From now on it was just a matter of improving technique. Work for the chemists, but increasingly a job for the engineers who devised and developed new plant.

Through a 'pilot' plant with bombs now nine feet high and a foot across—installed on an island in the River Weaver—they went on to a full-scale plant like a series of ship's engine rooms.

Research expert Edward Hunter had developed the works, and Professor Anton Michels, from Amsterdam, a tough-and-stoicky father of nine who had worked with ICI men before, devised a compressor for continuous running. A young Englishman, Ted Greenham, improved on it, making it the kind of machine the ordinary process worker could handle.

From test-tube to factory is normally ten years. This team had done it in three.

In 1939 came the first order—100 tons of polythene to insulate underwater cables. But the cables were delivered years later, because the day the plant was handed over Hitler marched into Poland. And Sir Robert Watson-Watt had a secret which had even greater need of this insulator—radar.

## For 100 Years UNBREAKABLE

Polythene research has now cost £1,000,000, and £20,000,000 has been spent on plant. In 1939 the pilot plant made a ton a month; now Britain makes 80,000 tons a year. America, with fourteen plants, makes even more—£2,000,000 a year.

In 1950 Britain exported twice as much as in 1935. That's the way it is growing, and by 1965 world demand is estimated at 1,500,000 tons.

German scientists have tackled new ways of making it, and four British firms say they are coming into the field. The women in the kitchen know polythene is light, cheap, and almost unbreakable. Experts made wear-and-tear tests and decided a washing-up bowl could last 100 years.

Polythene is being used to make toys, sing-lides and salad swishers, beauty boxes, scent bottles and buckets.

The week Birmingham had 3,000 lead pipes burst, all their polythene plumbing stayed intact. Polythene pipes don't freeze so easily for a start, and when the thaw comes they don't burst.

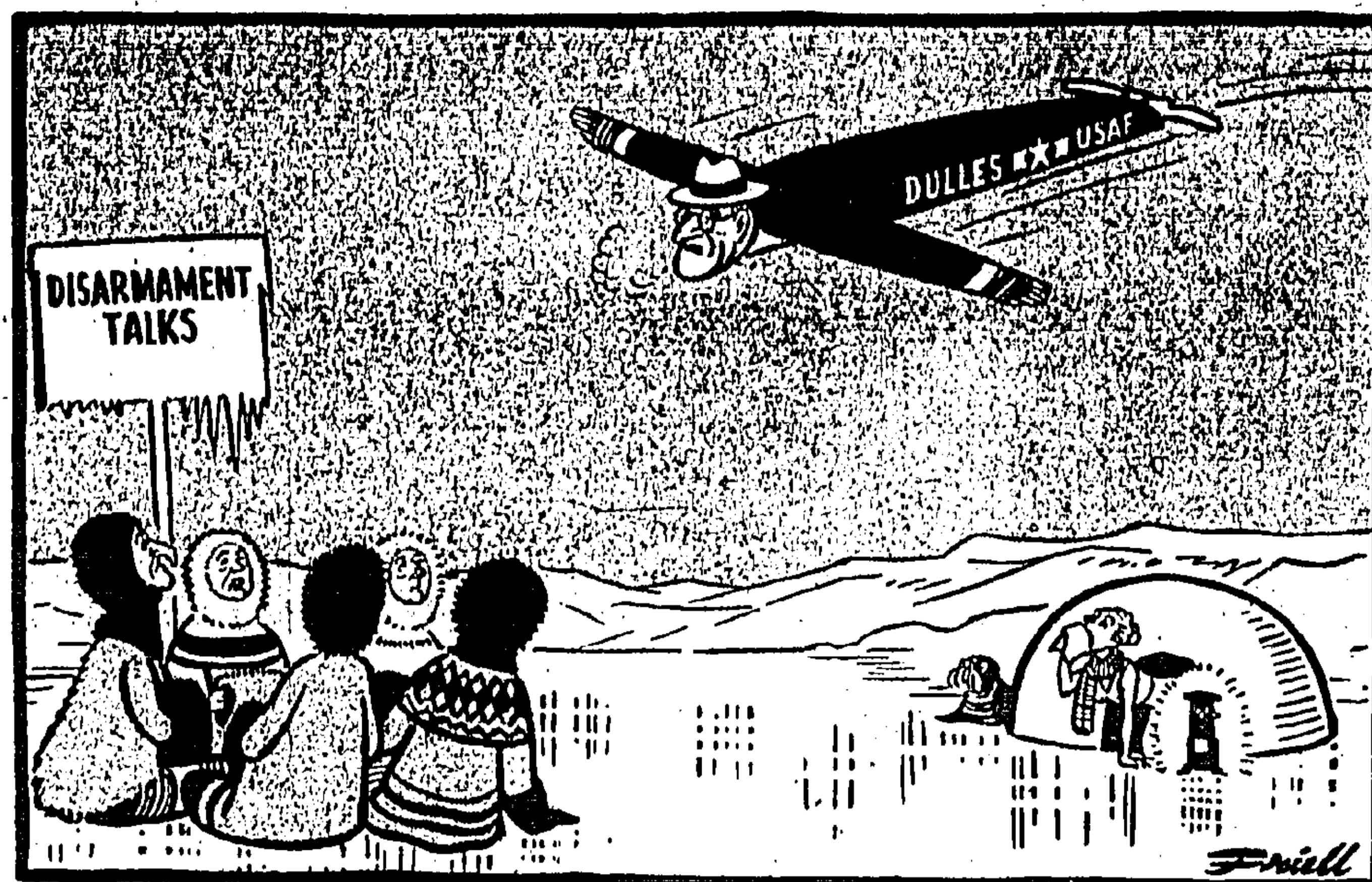
Of course there is a snag. Polythene cannot burn, flame and normal polythene cannot be sterilised by boiling, either, but there is a form now that can. So that gives it even more uses in home and hospital.

Yet half way through 1950, at ICI where it all started, the official began a report: "Polythene is a hard, white, waxy-looking plastic whose name few members of the public will ever have heard..."

Today you can't find anybody who doesn't know it. But it still starts at the plant as a white powder like the stuff 'Hoot' Gibson first found.

And if you walk by a polythene plant you may still hear a terrible thump like a twenty-five-pounder gun. That's just a safety valve 'blowing'—not like in 1933, when they fitted a safety valve but forgot to lead the 'blow-off' into the open. The safety valve saved the apparatus—and blew the roof off the laboratory.

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## MEN OF MEDICINE

He wandered through the field of science picking up stray facts.

THE most august body of men in the French scientific world listened with a mixture of shock and disbelief to the vivid words of a presumptuous twentysix-year-old newcomer appearing before them one day in 1809.

Francois Magendie was describing the effects that a poison from Java had produced upon animals.

He was not telling them what might happen, but what he had seen happen in the experiment he had conducted himself. Magendie was, in effect, showing the Academie des Sciences the very beginning of modern experimental pharmacology.

The members were probably more deeply disturbed, that same year, when they read of his paper attacking the prevailing theory of vitalism, which held that life cannot be explained in terms of physics and chemistry alone. But it was not an angry

colleague who described Magendie as "a rag-picker, who wanders through the field of science picking up stray facts..." It was Magendie himself. It is true, he failed to formulate momentous generalities from his many isolated

discoveries. But his life-long adherence to the two principles which he published in that paper at the age of twenty-six, "distrust of theory, and firm faith in experiment," helped to open a whole world of modern medical research, and placed his name at the head of the illustrious line of laboratory experimenters which grew to include Pavlov, Pasteur, and Ehrlich.

Francois Magendie was born into the dawn of a new era of history, the age which came to be known as the dawn of the French Revolution. His father, an army surgeon and a zealous French Republican, was also an ardent follower of Jean Jacques Rousseau, the philosopher who had much to do, in his way, with changing the face of the western world as Napoleon himself.

## Liberty

"The first education ought to be purely negative," Rousseau wrote. "Leave your pupil to himself in perfect liberty, and observe what he does without saying anything to him." Francois' father took this advice literally, and the boy received no schooling until he was ten. Later, inspired perhaps by what he had seen in those early years, the army surgeon persuaded Napoleon's personal physician to take Francois on as a student, and

the young Magendie soon became an exact anatomist. Medical experiment was not carried on for its own sake, in early-nineteenth-century Paris. It was never a physician's leading occupation, and his knowledge of physiology suffered accordingly. Until Francois Magendie burst on the scene that day before the Academie des Sciences, the study of physiology was an organised dream world, an arrangement of "revels systematiques," in the words of the eminent physiologist Claude Bernard who came after him.

It was in fact in 1813, the year of Bernard's birth, when Magendie, at the age of 30, gave up all ideas of practicing medicine and surgery, and set out to meet the problems of physiology at first hand. Through direct experiment and observation he assailed the mysteries of the heart-beat and the cause and methods of the blood's flow, the properties of the cerebro-spinal fluid, excision and section of the cerebellum, the sensitivity of tissues, and the mechanics of the digestive tract. His most important discovery concerned the functions of the spinal nerves, relating the anterior nerves to the body's movement, and the posterior nerves to the senses.

His direct experimental approach in pharmacology introduced such staples of modern medical practice as morphine and strychnine, and the bromine and iodine compounds. But Francois Magendie was opening

a new world, where so much waited to be discovered through this new approach that his investigations were isolated, often almost haphazard. His work lacked method and plan, as even he recognised when he described himself as a "chiffonnier," a rag-picker, in the very field of work he founded, today one of the most highly organised areas of study that exists: medical research. The century which has passed since Magendie's death has left less and less room for the "rag-picker's" opportunities. The development of a single antibiotic, represents the co-ordinated efforts of scores of scientists and skilled laboratory technicians. And even now, no one knows fully how it works. Research continues under circumstances which leave nothing to chance, where every aspect of each experiment is meticulously controlled.

## Discipline

Scientists are tracing absorption into the body by tagging particles with radio-isotopes. Such planned, co-ordinated efforts contrast markedly with the only experimental approaches possible in early-nineteenth-century Paris. Yet beneath the extraordinary complexity and refinement of modern experimental medicine, Francois Magendie's "distrust of theory, and firm faith in experiment," remains the key to each advance.



# Wonderful Time - RUSSIAN STYLE

I BATHED in the Black Sea at Yalta—where Roosevelt and Winston Churchill met Stalin during the war... and what a place it is!

I'm at the Southend of the Soviet...

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Imagine a small town packed to the brim with thousands of Russians from all parts of the Soviet Union basking in the brilliant sun on the narrow stretch of beach, if you can call it that, or staying at one of the many sanatoriums trying a cure for some illness.

Next month Mr. Aneurin Bevan and his wife, Jennie Lee, are expected. I think they will enjoy themselves; that is if they like lots of other people around all doing that. There is no seclusion here at Yalta.

## Peaches

YOU cannot compare Yalta with British resorts. In some ways it is slightly like Southend or Brighton—because of the amusements laid on—but it looks more like places in the South of France or the Spanish Riviera, because of the houses and brilliant flowers.

It is a pretty pink and blue and white town, nestling among the Crimean mountains. The roads are narrow, with hairpin bends, and most of the traffic is one-way.

Sub-tropical flowers are everywhere. Cypress trees and mimosa shelter each house and peach trees grow up the walls. Houses of Russian nobility have been taken over by the

Health Ministry for use as sanatoriums or holiday homes for the workers.

Russians in Moscow can get a return railway ticket for £11 5s. There are four hotels, but most Russians with their families stay at a pension for £4 a month per person or rent

a room or a flat which may cost anything from £3 15s. to £11 5s. a month.

Government officials and V.I.P.s—the category for them—have a special hotel—de-luxe class, but not too expensive.

It stands slightly out of town, a magnificent duck egg blue building set among the pine and cypress trees.

The suites include a drawing-room, bathroom, study, and two bedrooms.

Yalta's promenade in irregular with lots of steps. It

wanders through wild woodland and beautifully planted gardens.

Perilous steps, hewn out of the rock, lead down to the four-yard-wide, rock-strewn beach. If you want to bathe, you must be up early to bag a place.

by PATRICIA SMYLLIE

Gay white umbrellas protect people from the blazing sun. The place is so packed that it is difficult to lie down, let alone stretch out your legs. It looks rather like a long fly-paper covered with flies.

I must say that Russian bathing certainly shook me. It is forbidden to walk round the town or promenade with bare shoulders... but on the beach the rule seems to be "anything goes."

Most women bathe in brassieres and pants, with the children wearing nothing at all.

Fat women bask like whales in skimpiest of underclothing, then lollop lazily into the sea.

Nudists have their own fenced-off spots. Entrance: 1s. 6d. Trade seems to be brisk. The places are packed. Other promenades feature 'Meat' milk sold for 1s. 3d. a glass; a drink called Kwesse, made of mineral water and raspberry juice, costs 1s. cigarettes 2s. for 20.

Picture hats are popular. Men and women wear them. Caucasians felt hats trimmed with lamb's wool or Panama-like straws.

## Colour

WOMEN wear bright, loose, summer frocks, somewhat floppy. They often carry brilliantly coloured Chinese umbrellas. Cost: £3 each.

Little kids covered with enormous white umbrellas sell chocolate-covered cone-shaped

ices costing a shilling. People weigh themselves for 45d. or test their strength by pulling against a rope for sixpence.

Chocolate bars are expensive... a two-ounce bar costs nearly 4s. Help-yourself cafes charge 7s. 6d. for an English-type breakfast of ham, eggs, toast and tea. Lunch of salad, soup, meat and fruit costs 17s., and in the evening, salad, soup, steak, and ice-cream costs £1.

## Dancing

WHAT is there to do in the evening? People walk up and down the promenade. A few bathe, but only a few.

Seats in an open-air cinema cost 1s. 6d. to 4s., or you can see a travelling company at the theatre. Cost: 4s. to 11s. 3d. Army bands play in the woodland part of the promenade. Hundreds of couples dance to

Russian martial music or to jazz, which they seem to prefer.

Quite a gay place. Russians don't call a holiday a holiday nowadays. The word now means "to rest." The old word for holiday went out of vogue after the Revolution.

## Laughter

MANY workers get their holidays free "as a bonus for good work during the year," said the Intourist guide who showed me round town. I like the place—it only because all the Russians are so friendly.

They stop me on the promenade, ask me if I'm English or American, then shake me very warmly by the hand. And they laugh as I plaster myself with sun-tan lotion (3s. 6d. for a small, perfume bottle) and agree that I am beginning to look a bit like a lobster.







## BEHRA—MOSS WIN SWEDISH GRAND PRIX RACE

Sweden, Aug. 11. A Maserati driven by Jean Behra of France and Stirling Moss of Britain won the Swedish Grand Prix for special sports cars today, sending the Maserati-Ferrari battle for the 1957 World Championship down to the final race of the year in Venezuela in November.

Ferrari took second today with a car driven by Phil Hill of Santa Monica, California, and Peter Collins of Britain.

The Behra-Moss Maserati covered 145 laps in the six-hour race, one more lap than Hill-Collins in their Ferrari. Third place also went to a Maserati with a car driven by Moss, Harry Schell of New York and Pauli, Giorgio Scarlatti of Italy and Joachim Bonnier of Sweden.

Ferrari took fourth place with Mike Hawthorn of England and Luigi Musso of Italy and Jaguar captured fifth with the Belgian

driving team of Dubois and de Chaney.

In the official standings for the World Championship, Maserati now has 27 to 31 for Ferrari and so the battle will not be finally decided until the Grand Prix of Venezuela on November 3. A sweep for Ferrari today could have clinched it. Jaguar is a distant third with 17 points.

### AT LUXEMBOURG

Luxembourg, Aug. 11. Sten Lundin of Sweden won the Motocross Grand Prix of Luxembourg here today, after a race of which he was the unchallenged master.

The Swedish ace, who shot ahead at the start and built up his lead throughout the contest, covered the 18 laps in one hour 7 minutes 5 seconds.

Hubert Scaillet of Belgium was second in 1:07.45.—United Press.

## KMB Beat Thai Air Force 8 Goals To 1

Bangkok, Aug. 12. Kowloon Motor Bus trounced a Royal Thai Air Force side by 8-1 in an exciting soccer match at the National Stadium yesterday.

The Thai Air Force are Thailand's Senior Cup and League Champions.

The visitors displayed superior style and smoother teamwork. The ground was muddy and the ball heavy. KMB led four goals to nil in the first half. Chow Siu-hung, inside left, scored the opener while Lau Kai-chiu, centre-forward, netted the second. Lau Chi-lun, inside right, scored the third and Kai-chiu netted again for the fourth.

In the second half, Kai-chiu scored two more goals in succession. Siu-hung netted the seventh.

The Thais then broke through and scored their only goal. Just before the close, Lau Chi-lun, outside left, topped the ball into the goal from a corner kick to score Kowloon's eighth and last goal.

The Thai goalie saved numerous shots.—Meuter.

## Worried Weekes — He Has Seen Double!

By DENIS COMPTON

One cricket ball coming towards you is hard enough to play, let alone two. But that is one reason why Everton Weekes, that great West Indies batsman, has not been the terror of old to our bowlers this season.

All summer he has been worried by sinus trouble and, at times, it has given him double vision.

He has been particularly disturbed around the off stump and this has rattled his superb strokes on that side of the wicket. But nothing could have defeated John Goldard, the West Indies skipper, more than the sight of the "W". Frank Worrell and Clyde Walcott, functioning together against Surrey at the Oval.

### THE FADE-OUT

Before the massacre of the Surrey attack, the fade-out of the three "W's" — Weekes, Worrell and Walcott — ranked among the 100 batmen in the world, individually and collectively — had been the most disquieting feature of a disappointing summer for the West Indies.

Each, of course, has looked as good as ever on occasions. Frank Worrell, in his batting at Leeds and in various matches at Lord's, has moved from the ranks of the great batsmen who can also bowl to a genuine all-rounder of the highest class.

Weekes played one of the finest innings of the summer at the Saturday of the Lord's Test. Clyde Walcott was in magnificent form in May, a giant in every sense of the word.

But none of them has been consistently good. None has dominated the bowling in the old manner.

### IN THEIR PRIME

Their decline can't be that they are too old. They are all in their early thirties, an age when most batsmen are in their prime. But it must be remembered that the "W's" have played a terrific amount of cricket all over the world since they first came into international cricket 10 years ago. Also, they have played regularly in the Lancashire League.

League cricket is not a good preparation for Tests. I told

### BOWLING IMPROVED

Moreover, they have been opposed to much stronger English bowling this season than in 1956 when we were desperately short of fast bowlers — the type against which West Indies are most vulnerable.

Worrell's batting must have been affected by the amount of bowling he was called upon to do during the series.

Certainly, his bowling has improved. He does more with the ball, both in the air and off the pitch, than in his younger days.

But no one can open the innings and the bowling in a Test match and produce effective results in both departments all the time. One or the other must suffer.

As for Walcott, who had scored eight centuries in his previous ten Tests before coming to England, this time I feel his sequence of modest scoring has been merely a question of loss of form, which we all experience at some time or other.

(Copyright)

## ENGLAND ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD, BUT THERE'S NEW TALENT IN AUSTRALIA

Says BRUCE DOOLAND

I would back England to beat any of the cricket countries of the world right now. I think England has batting power now matured to produce consistency; she has the best wicketkeeper in the business; and the balance of her bowling is the tops in both variety and class.

But I think it would be a mistake to get too cocky. I have seen enthusiastic critics saying in print that this England side will sweep the board for the next five years. So it might. But don't be too sure. That sort of assessment is based on the assumption that Australia, for instance, will stay in the doldrums of the past three years for ever.

Let me assure you that it won't. I never have and it never will. I am getting a whole stream of news through these days indicating that talent of genuine quality is showing all over Australia. It always seems to be the case that when the need is greatest the response comes from somewhere.

The names I am hearing mean nothing to me and would be meaningless to you; for they have still to hit the headlines. But I respect the sources of my information. They know what "test talent" means and they know what they are looking for.

And don't forget this... in Australia they don't have to bleed their youngsters in top class cricket for years to get them matured. Out there they shoot up like hollyhocks and other Bradman, Miller or Lindwall on hand.

That, of course, is just as it should be. It is a bad thing in any sport for a nation to have a monopoly. It was a bad thing when Australia held the whip hand too long. The Australian public couldn't be bothered with it. But just watch them roll up when Peter May and his men go out there next year. If Ian Craig has a team all trimmed to topple the Champions from their pedestal!

One of the worst factors from the England point of view will be the lack of genuinely tough Test tuning up next summer. New Zealand just haven't got the material really to extend the full might of England and the result might well be a general easing off, a dulling of the top class edge of England's Test form. Trying to avoid that, in fact, will be one of Peter May's toughest tasks next summer.

### FINAL FAREWELL?

I see that there is a deal of speculation about the possibility of Denis Compton being recalled for the final Test. Now that the series is won, say the sentimentalists, how pleasant to invite the great man for a final farewell appearance at the Oval.

Make no mistake about it... if the selectors fall for the idea it would certainly help to swell the gate. And my own opinion is that Denis, with his incredible record, is a man who should be remembered.

## Dick Mayer Wins Tam O'Shanter's Golf Tourney

Chicago, Aug. 11. The national Open Champion, Dick Mayer, came from five strokes behind today with a last-round 68 to win Tam O'Shanter's "World" tourney and \$50,000 first prize, with 72-hole total of 279, nine strokes under par.

Mayer was the most consistent of the front runners as every other pacemaker in the field going into today's play ran into trouble on one hole or another.

Veteran Sam Snead, who led after every round, took a double-bogie six on the first hole to fall behind, and Al Balding, the Canadian who trailed Snead by only one stroke starting today's play, had a double-bogie six on the 13th.

### NEVER OVER PAR

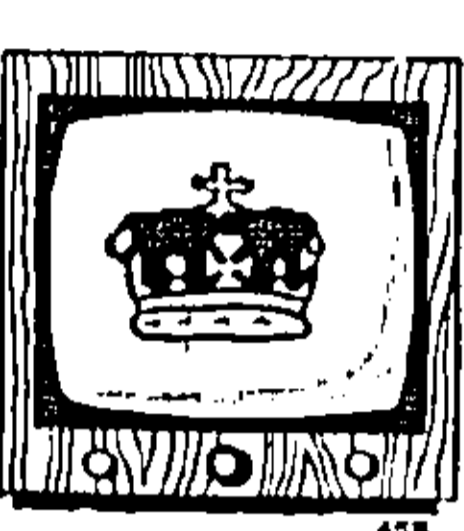
Mayer never went over par. He sank one birdie on the first nine and three on the second. After nine holes, he was three strokes behind Gene Littler and one behind Snead.

But on the back nine Snead went over par once with a five, Littler had a double-bogie six on the 14th, while Balding also went over with a four on the short 16th hole.

Every other contender also had at least one bogie and Art Wall, tied with Mayer after 63 holes, took a double-bogie seven when he shot out of bounds on the 15th.

Snead and Balding tied for second place, each earning \$7,500. Snead shot a 74, two over par, and Balding fired a 75, each winding up with 280.

Littler and George Bayer split fourth place with 281, each earning \$2,750, while Mike Souchock finished sixth at 282 for a \$2,000 prize. There was a three-way tie for seventh at 284 between Bob Hoeburg and Dow Finsterwald, and Wall, each getting \$1,800.—United Press.



## NAMESAKES

INSTRUCTIONS: Fill in the spaces against each of the clues below with a word related to my life. The letters in circles spell out my name. Who am I?

1 Such a car?  
2 Engine  
3 Award  
4 Trapeze?  
5 Chassis  
6 Does not sit  
7 Northern Ireland  
8 Follow  
9 Quicken pace

Solution on Page 9

## Going by air?

then **BE SPECIFIC**



FLY CATHAY PACIFIC

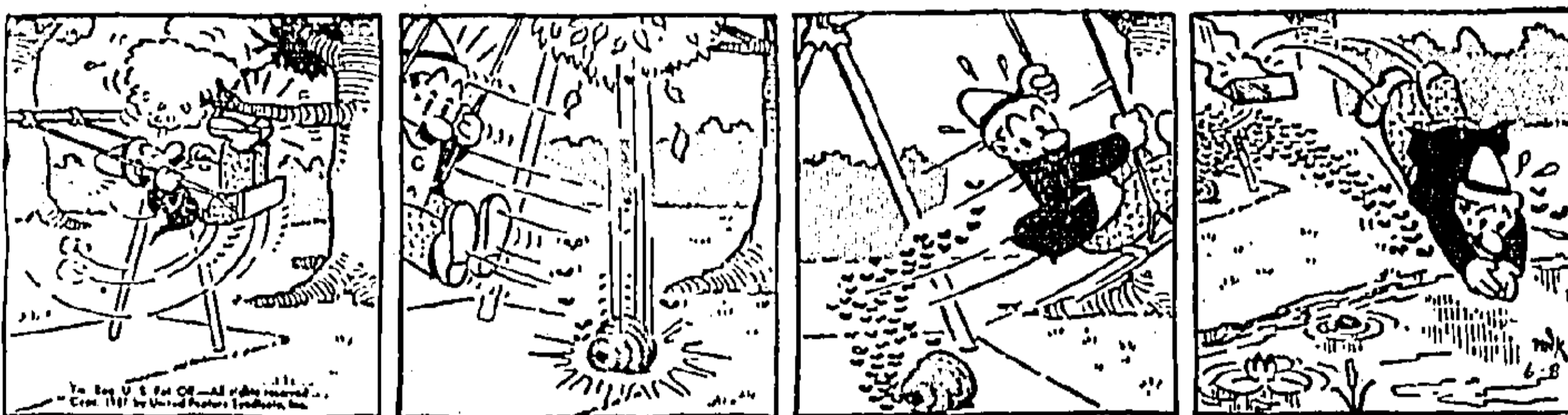
## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



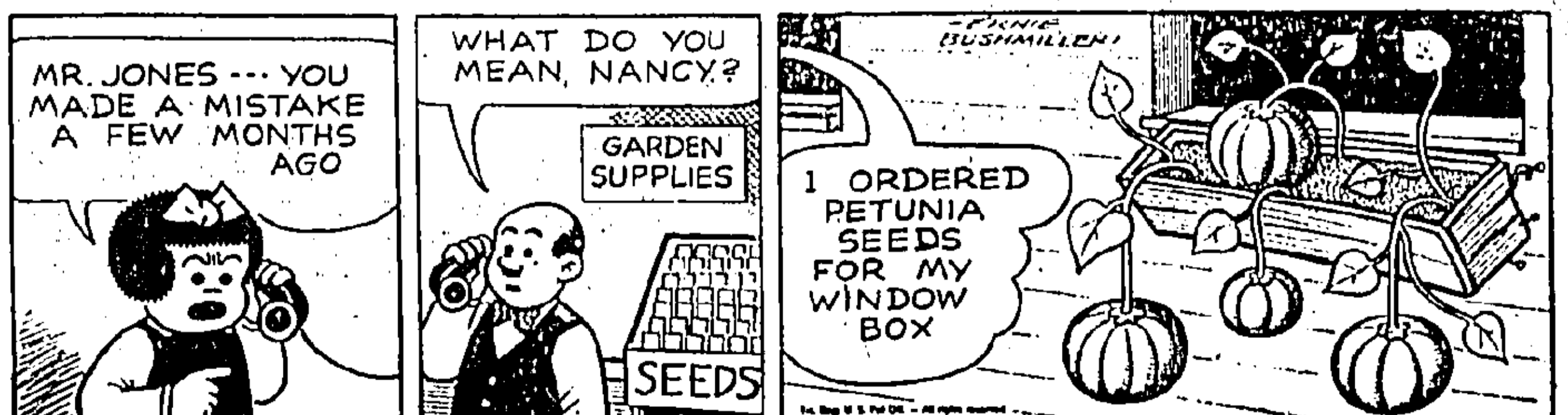
## FERD'NAND

By Mlk



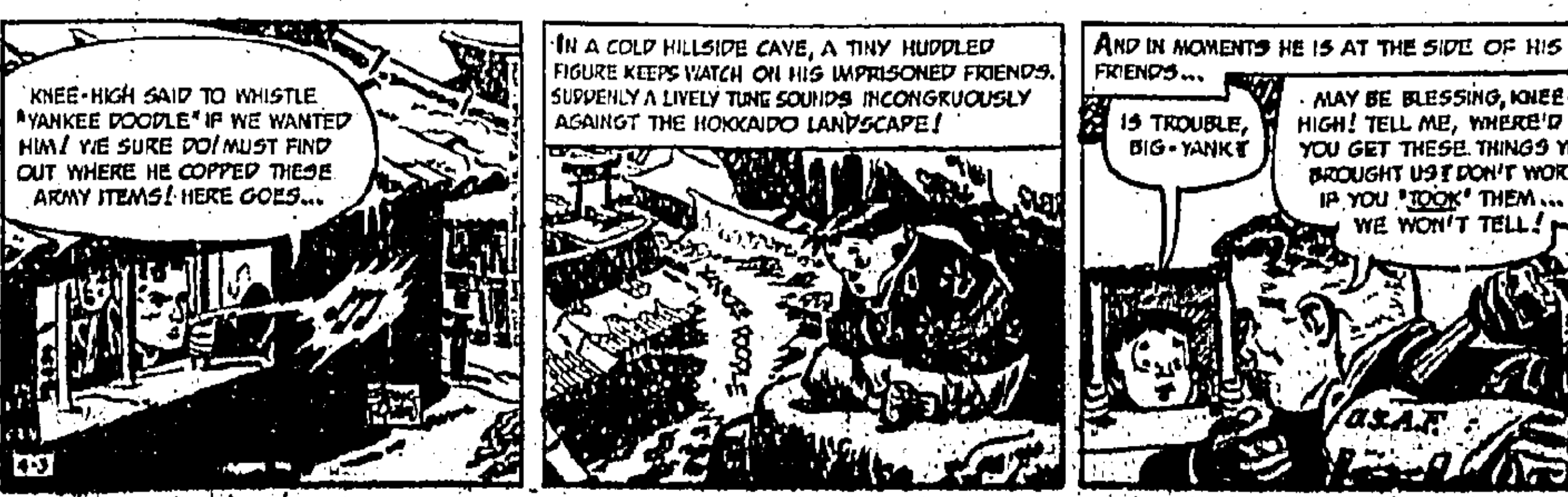
## NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



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Agents.  
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Hong Kong, August 12, 1957.

## PHOTOGRAPHS

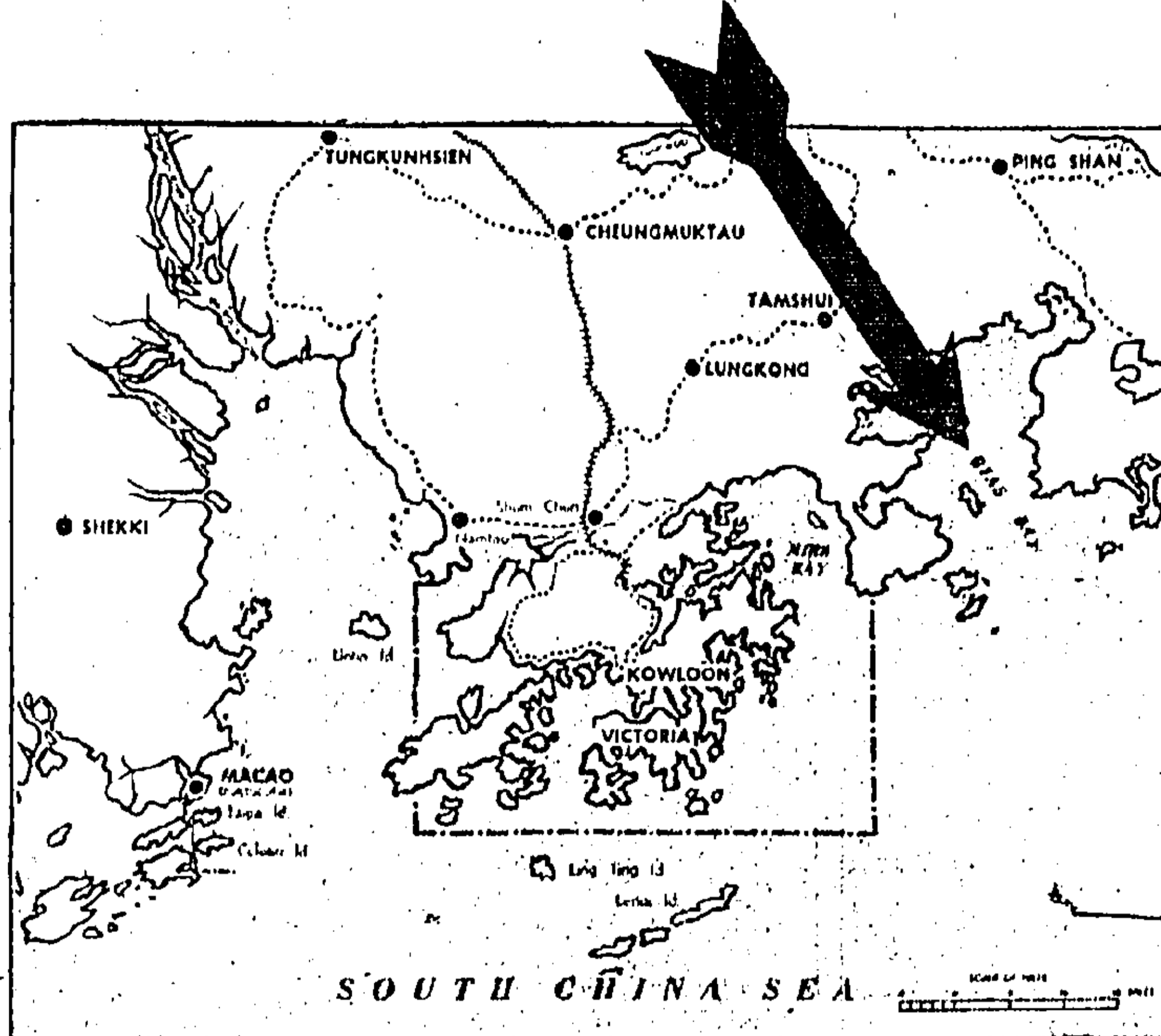
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# HONGKONG'S 100-YEAR WAR AGAINST THE PIRATES

Here Was Their Haunt, Just Outside Hongkong



**BIAS BAY**, a short distance northeast of Hongkong, was made famous, or rather infamous, by pirates who had made it their headquarters of operations. Many an experienced skipper on the China coast run and still alive to tell his tale will recall with awe the brutal attacks by the pirates and their systematic ransacking of the ships they captured in their many exploits.

The trade of Hongkong, a Colony with a history of a little more than a century, has frequently been menaced in the past by pirates. As early as the 1850's they were active in her neighbourhood and in 1860 Hongkong introduced a law, the Suppression of Piracy Ordinance, to protect her commerce and trade and to keep open the sea lanes.

## 30 Years Ago

But let us concern ourselves with recent history. Let us turn back the pages on China coast shipping to a time some 30 years ago when the pirates were most active.

Here, the chapter shows that 17 "principal" pirates had taken place in a little more than a year in 1926-27. In addition, the records say, 34 pirates were reported to have taken place in the Canton Delta River in the tributaries of the Pearl River, affecting minor steamers and smaller ships.

Operating in the Bias Bay area, the pirates derived a well-organized system of levying toll, or protection money, on all Chinese vessels plying the Canton River. The Chinese skippers were glad to pay for the protection which they could not get from a weak provincial government.

With foreign ocean-going steamers it was different. European skippers and officers and foreign shipping companies refused to bow to the dictates of the pirates and they knew it.

## The Sunning

It was not until the Sunning piracy in November, 1926, that the Hongkong authorities really took notice of the dangerous situation.

A Commission was appointed by a proclamation on November 25, 1926, by the then Governor Sir Cecil Clementi. The Commission comprised Mr. E. R. Hallifax as Chairman. The other members, after resignations and re-appointments, were Messrs. A. H. Stewart, T. G. Weill, D. C. Wolfe, Captain W. Davidson, R.N., Lt. Cdr. L. Pilegrim Jones, R.N., and Lt. Cdr. G. F. Hole, R.N.

The Commission was appointed to find out how the pirates could get aboard

the Sunning with their aim: how it was possible for them to seize the ship; to consider the efficiency of anti-piracy fittings on board and to make recommendations to improve efficiency; to consider the supply of armed guards; and to make recommendations as to the measures necessary for preventing piracy.

The Commission sat for the first time on December 6, that same year, and held altogether 13 meetings at which the members examined 17 witnesses.

The Commission made certain recommendations to the Hongkong Government. It called upon the Government to seek the co-operation of the Chinese authorities at coastal ports to make a more effective search of passengers and cargo and to continue to press the Chinese authorities for effective co-operation.

## Naval Patrols

But, it added, the Government would be amply justified in taking independent action for the extermination of known pirate strongholds as a common international duty.

The Commission also recommended that patrolling by the

Government to set up a Board to be a repository of all data connected with piracy with a view to giving advice freely and minimising formalities and red-tape.

The Government acted in September, 1927. It introduced an ordinance to amend the law relating to the suppression of

the anti-piracy service was in operation, 31 pirates took place. In three incidents only did British naval craft on patrol come to grips with the pirates. In the same period when the anti-piracy service was in operation, the Hongkong Government had to rent a bill for about \$200,000 for the cost of fuel consumed by the naval vessels on patrol.

uniforms and call themselves "Navy"—but the effect is virtually the same.

And—chances of yesterday—junk pirates still sail the happy hunting grounds of the Pearl River estuary. Junk pirates are their prize catch. These are irregular but the inter-colony sealanes between Macao and Hongkong are probably as dangerous today as ever they've been.

by J. P. Prettejohn

## A Giant Stung

Hongkong on two or three occasions did, however, react like a giant stung.

One case hit the headlines about two months ago. Many more cases are never made public—for even the smuggler falls victim to the pirates.

But when merchantships were attacked British always took strong diplomatic action, leading protests and expelling military provincial commanders to hunt down the escaping pirates.

Before an international agreement kept British warships and military aircraft outside Chinese territorial waters, the Royal Navy took its own resolute action against the pirates.

In next Thursday's article, a China Mail staff correspondent writes about the massive retaliation launched by Hongkong against neighbouring pirate lairs.

In July, 1935, the question was raised by Hongkong newspapers as to the value and effectiveness of these patrols to justify the then enormous expenditure of almost \$30,000 a year.

Meanwhile, the pirates continued to exert their tolls on coastal shipping.

## 31 Piracies

In March, 1927, British naval forces in Hongkong conducted a raid on Bias Bay with aeroplanes acting as observers. In the following year, the Royal Navy tightened their activities by the introduction of a naval officer as an Anti-Piracy Officer in the Naval establishment in Hongkong.

One Hongkong journalist calculated that in the seven years from 1928 to 1935 when

piracy. This bill repealed the Piracy Prevention Ordinance of 1914 and all regulations then in force.

Meanwhile, the pirates continued to exert their tolls on coastal shipping.

Hongkong never found the real answer. Pirates continued to prey on the value and effectiveness of these patrols to justify the then enormous expenditure of almost \$30,000 a year.

There is the difference that the pirates of today wear

# APPELLANT'S STORY NOT ACCEPTED

An appellant before Mr Justice C. W. Reece in the Appeal Court this morning alleged that he was arrested because he could not return \$30 which a constable had given him for information he gave to the Police.

Yim Kwok-hung, who challenged his conviction, was sentenced to six months in the Taipo Court by Mr K. A. S. Phillips last month for breaking a curfew order in a specified area in the New Territories which was under curfew.

He claimed that the policeman went to his home to wake him up and asked him to go to his guide because he was new to the area. During their walk the constable questioned him and learnt that he had been convicted before for similar offences. The constable also asked for \$30 which he had given him previously for information. When Yim could not pay up the constable arrested him.

Mr Justice Reece did not accept the story of the appellant and refused his appeal.

The Judge also refused three other appeals against sentence brought by men sentenced by Magistrates.

Chan Chee-hung who was given five months by Mr T. L. Yang at Kowloon last month for stealing copper caps belonging to his employer, pleaded that he had been convicted before for similar offences (he had four previous convictions) it was because of bad circumstances. He said that he

had to send monthly remittances to his parents in Canton.

Li pleaded guilty to a charge of obtaining HK\$30 and US\$40 from a man by falsely pretending he would be able to get him a job on board a Royal Inter-ocean ship. He had four previous convictions for similar frauds.

The last unsuccessful appellant was Cheung Hoi-man who was given two years by Miss B. K. Searle at Central last month for possession of heroin.

## UPHELD SENTENCE

Mr Justice Reece upheld the sentence and directed that it run from today.

He gave the same direction when he refused to reduce the sentence of 18 months passed by Mr Yang last month on Li Cheuk-wing, alias Li Kong, alias Li Yin-sun, alias Lam Hoi.

Li pleaded guilty to a charge of obtaining HK\$30 and US\$40 from a man by falsely pretending he would be able to get him a job on board a Royal Inter-ocean ship. He had four previous convictions for similar frauds.

The last unsuccessful appellant was Cheung Hoi-man who was given two years by Miss B. K. Searle at Central last month for possession of heroin.

## Radio H.K. and Rediffusion

5.30 p.m., Talking about Teaching—Litcher's Magazine, 5.45, London Promenade Orchestra, 6, Piano Solo, Programme Summary, 6.15, The New York Jazz Quartet, 6.30, Nipper, 6.35, Classical Requests, presented by Alfred E. Baker, 6.45, Season from A. Programme, 7, Concert at the Hongkong Concert Orchestra, 7.15, 7.30, Talking about Teaching—Litcher's Magazine, 7.45, The Mystery of the Water, by Victor Davis, 8, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.15, Weather Report, 8.20, Signal, The News, 8.30, Commentary, 8.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 1), 8.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.50, Weather Report, 8.55, Signal, The News, 9, Commentary, 9.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 2), 9.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.20, Weather Report, 9.25, Signal, The News, 9.30, Commentary, 9.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 3), 9.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.50, Weather Report, 9.55, Signal, The News, 10, Commentary, 10.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 4), 10.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.20, Weather Report, 10.25, Signal, The News, 10.30, Commentary, 10.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 5), 10.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.50, Weather Report, 10.55, Signal, The News, 11, Commentary, 11.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 6), 11.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.20, Weather Report, 11.25, Signal, The News, 11.30, Commentary, 11.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 7), 11.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.50, Weather Report, 11.55, Signal, The News, 12, Commentary, 12.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 8), 12.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.20, Weather Report, 12.25, Signal, The News, 12.30, Commentary, 12.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 9), 12.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.50, Weather Report, 12.55, Signal, The News, 1, Commentary, 1.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 10), 1.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.20, Weather Report, 1.25, Signal, The News, 1.30, Commentary, 1.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 11), 1.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.50, Weather Report, 1.55, Signal, The News, 2, Commentary, 2.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 12), 2.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.20, Weather Report, 2.25, Signal, The News, 2.30, Commentary, 2.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 13), 2.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.50, Weather Report, 2.55, Signal, The News, 3, Commentary, 3.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 14), 3.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.20, Weather Report, 3.25, Signal, The News, 3.30, Commentary, 3.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 15), 3.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.50, Weather Report, 3.55, Signal, The News, 4, Commentary, 4.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 16), 4.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.20, Weather Report, 4.25, Signal, The News, 4.30, Commentary, 4.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 17), 4.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.50, Weather Report, 4.55, Signal, The News, 5, Commentary, 5.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 18), 5.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.20, Weather Report, 5.25, Signal, The News, 5.30, Commentary, 5.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 19), 5.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.50, Weather Report, 5.55, Signal, The News, 6, Commentary, 6.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 20), 6.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.20, Weather Report, 6.25, Signal, The News, 6.30, Commentary, 6.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 21), 6.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.50, Weather Report, 6.55, Signal, The News, 7, Commentary, 7.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 22), 7.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.20, Weather Report, 7.25, Signal, The News, 7.30, Commentary, 7.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 23), 7.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.50, Weather Report, 7.55, Signal, The News, 8, Commentary, 8.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 24), 8.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.20, Weather Report, 8.25, Signal, The News, 8.30, Commentary, 8.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 25), 8.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.50, Weather Report, 8.55, Signal, The News, 9, Commentary, 9.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 26), 9.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.20, Weather Report, 9.25, Signal, The News, 9.30, Commentary, 9.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 27), 9.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.50, Weather Report, 9.55, Signal, The News, 10, Commentary, 10.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 28), 10.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.20, Weather Report, 10.25, Signal, The News, 10.30, Commentary, 10.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 29), 10.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.50, Weather Report, 10.55, Signal, The News, 11, Commentary, 11.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 30), 11.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.20, Weather Report, 11.25, Signal, The News, 11.30, Commentary, 11.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 31), 11.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.50, Weather Report, 11.55, Signal, The News, 12, Commentary, 12.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 32), 12.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.20, Weather Report, 12.25, Signal, The News, 12.30, Commentary, 12.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 33), 12.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.50, Weather Report, 12.55, Signal, The News, 1, Commentary, 1.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 34), 1.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.20, Weather Report, 1.25, Signal, The News, 1.30, Commentary, 1.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 35), 1.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.50, Weather Report, 1.55, Signal, The News, 2, Commentary, 2.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 36), 2.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.20, Weather Report, 2.25, Signal, The News, 2.30, Commentary, 2.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 37), 2.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.50, Weather Report, 2.55, Signal, The News, 3, Commentary, 3.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 38), 3.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.20, Weather Report, 3.25, Signal, The News, 3.30, Commentary, 3.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 39), 3.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.50, Weather Report, 3.55, Signal, The News, 4, Commentary, 4.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 40), 4.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.20, Weather Report, 4.25, Signal, The News, 4.30, Commentary, 4.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 41), 4.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.50, Weather Report, 4.55, Signal, The News, 5, Commentary, 5.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 42), 5.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.20, Weather Report, 5.25, Signal, The News, 5.30, Commentary, 5.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 43), 5.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.50, Weather Report, 5.55, Signal, The News, 6, Commentary, 6.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 44), 6.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.20, Weather Report, 6.25, Signal, The News, 6.30, Commentary, 6.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 45), 6.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.50, Weather Report, 6.55, Signal, The News, 7, Commentary, 7.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 46), 7.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.20, Weather Report, 7.25, Signal, The News, 7.30, Commentary, 7.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 47), 7.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.50, Weather Report, 7.55, Signal, The News, 8, Commentary, 8.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 48), 8.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.20, Weather Report, 8.25, Signal, The News, 8.30, Commentary, 8.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 49), 8.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.50, Weather Report, 8.55, Signal, The News, 9, Commentary, 9.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 50), 9.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.20, Weather Report, 9.25, Signal, The News, 9.30, Commentary, 9.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 51), 9.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 9.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 9.50, Weather Report, 9.55, Signal, The News, 10, Commentary, 10.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 52), 10.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.20, Weather Report, 10.25, Signal, The News, 10.30, Commentary, 10.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 53), 10.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 10.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 10.50, Weather Report, 10.55, Signal, The News, 11, Commentary, 11.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 54), 11.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.20, Weather Report, 11.25, Signal, The News, 11.30, Commentary, 11.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 55), 11.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 11.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 11.50, Weather Report, 11.55, Signal, The News, 12, Commentary, 12.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 56), 12.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.20, Weather Report, 12.25, Signal, The News, 12.30, Commentary, 12.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 57), 12.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 12.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 12.50, Weather Report, 12.55, Signal, The News, 1, Commentary, 1.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 58), 1.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.20, Weather Report, 1.25, Signal, The News, 1.30, Commentary, 1.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 59), 1.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 1.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 1.50, Weather Report, 1.55, Signal, The News, 2, Commentary, 2.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 60), 2.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.20, Weather Report, 2.25, Signal, The News, 2.30, Commentary, 2.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 61), 2.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 2.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 2.50, Weather Report, 2.55, Signal, The News, 3, Commentary, 3.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 62), 3.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.20, Weather Report, 3.25, Signal, The News, 3.30, Commentary, 3.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 63), 3.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 3.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 3.50, Weather Report, 3.55, Signal, The News, 4, Commentary, 4.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 64), 4.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.20, Weather Report, 4.25, Signal, The News, 4.30, Commentary, 4.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 65), 4.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 4.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 4.50, Weather Report, 4.55, Signal, The News, 5, Commentary, 5.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 66), 5.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.20, Weather Report, 5.25, Signal, The News, 5.30, Commentary, 5.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 67), 5.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 5.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 5.50, Weather Report, 5.55, Signal, The News, 6, Commentary, 6.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 68), 6.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.20, Weather Report, 6.25, Signal, The News, 6.30, Commentary, 6.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 69), 6.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 6.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 6.50, Weather Report, 6.55, Signal, The News, 7, Commentary, 7.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 70), 7.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.20, Weather Report, 7.25, Signal, The News, 7.30, Commentary, 7.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 71), 7.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 7.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 7.50, Weather Report, 7.55, Signal, The News, 8, Commentary, 8.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 72), 8.10, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.15, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.20, Weather Report, 8.25, Signal, The News, 8.30, Commentary, 8.35, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and talks about their origin (Part 73), 8.40, Edinburgh International Festival of Music and Drama, 8.45, Interview with The Dill Jones Trio, 8.50, Weather Report, 8.55, Signal, The News, 9, Commentary, 9.05, A paper of Miss Barbara Lawrence, singing American folk songs and

## SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

### No Press-Button, No Knob Automatic Record Player

Philips have marketed a new, fully automatic (no press-buttons, no knobs) 45 rpm record player, named "Mignon." Slipping a record into the apparatus automatically starts the mechanism, the sapphire needle being infallibly guided into the groove.

Without any button or knob being touched, the music starts to play. Operation is as simple as posting a letter. When the record is finished, the player stops automatically and the record is partly pushed out cautiously.

### Fabricated Reactor Vessel

What is probably the most complicated stainless steel vessel ever fabricated anywhere has been made by John Thompson, Ltd., of Wolverhampton, England.

It is the complex 30-ton stainless steel container for Britain's first full-scale fast-breeder reactor now being installed at the United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority nuclear station at Dounreay, Scotland. The same firm has also made the liquid-metal heat-exchange systems and boiler plant.



The vessel has taken eighteen months to construct. While its overall dimensions are some 20 feet by 14 feet, the complex control rods, instrument pipes, rotating shields and other components of the vessel have been positioned and welded to thousands of an inch. More than 3,000 X-ray negatives have been taken to ensure that every welded joint is absolutely leak-proof.

The reactor vessel is being placed in position in the vast concrete "vault," six feet thick, which acts as a biological shield for the reactor and all the primary liquid-metal circuits taking heat from the reactor. The "vault" is in turn enclosed within a huge steel sphere 135 feet in diameter.

### FLAMEPROOF TRUCK DEVELOPED

A flameproof battery electric industrial truck has been designed and built by Brush Coachwork, Ltd., Loughborough, England, for use in areas where explosive or inflammable materials are present.

The truck is based on the company's standard industrial model and has a payload of 1 ton and a turning radius of six feet three inches. There are certain differences, however, chief of which is that the flameproof truck has its control gear and motor totally enclosed to the standards laid down by British Standards Specification, 220-1040, groups 11 and 12. These groups cover the use of equipment in the presence of blast furnace gas, hydrocarbons met in the distillation of crude oil and the use of petroleum liquids derived from coal tar solvents used in industrial processes and coal and coke oven gas.

The truck contains various safety devices, including an automatic overload circuit-breaker, and a charging socket cut-out. The standard battery consists of 12 lead-acid cells enclosed in a steel box the lid of which is constructed to allow ample ventilation. Weight of truck with battery: 22 hundredweight; overall dimensions: length, 11 feet; height, four feet; width, three feet six inches.

The working principle of this modern record player is as follows. In the idle position the motor is switched off. By clipping a record in the slot, a pin situated behind the turntable is pushed away.

As a result, the motor starts and the 38 mm centring stud rises so that now the record is centred and cannot move away. The pick-up element, which rotates vertically in the pick-up arm, is then lowered, the sapphire needle gently dropping into the starting groove.

The needle pressure is controlled by a small spring. The pick-up arm rotates in a horizontal direction only. When no record is being played, the pick-up arm is ready in the idle position over the turntable.

When the record is finished and the needle reaches the final groove, a cam causes the mechanism to function reversely. The pick-up element is raised, the pick-up arm jumps back into starting position, the centring stud drops and the pin lifts the record away to a position where it can be withdrawn by hand.

The motor then stops and the player is ready for the next record. By depressing a button underneath the slot, at the left, the case may switch off the mechanism before the needle has reached the last groove; it is thus possible to stop the record while it is playing.

The sapphire needle is kept clean by a small brush which wipes the needle tip each time the pick-up arm jumped back into starting position.

With the apparatus in the idle position and during the operations preliminary to playing a record, the returned component to the pick-up socket of the radio set is automatically short-circuited by means of a small switch.

The switch does not open until the needle is in the groove; it closes when the needle enters the final groove. Thus, there is no noise from the needle in the final groove and clicks of the mechanism are inaudible.

### Protecting Airscrew Spinners

Considerable development has been made in the use of epoxy-resin glass cloth-reinforced plastics for airscrew spinners, blade-root fairings and other components by de Havilland Propellers, Ltd., Stevenage, Hertfordshire, England.

Spinners of this type are being supplied for such aircraft as the Bristol Britannia and the Blackburn Beverley.

Along with this development, de Havilland have investigated many types of surface coating for protecting spinner components. Basic test spinners and root-fairings are mounted on a stub blade airscrew and the whole assembly rotated at 42 per cent over-speed—about 1,400 revolutions per minute.

A jet of water is directed on to it, the immediate result being spectacular and the erosive effects considerable. The film is at present using an epoxy-resin based formula, 4-2, incorporating synthetic rubber and having an unusual modification. The paint, E.H.P., made by Compton Plastics, Ltd., Heston, England, is claimed to possess good adhesion, toughness and flexibility and chemical resistance, with additional adhesive strength and suppleness derived from the rubber constituent.

The water spray test has proved very selective and the epoxy material survived the ordeal better than alkyd-resin and cellulose-based paints.

## TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

### BRAKES ON INFLATION TIGHTENED

### American Government Increases Interest Rates Half Per Cent

By JOHN MORKA

New York, Aug. 11.

The cost of money in the United States moved higher on a broad-front this past week.

Interest rates edged to new 25-year highs. The rediscount rate—the rate charged by the Federal Reserve Board on loans to member banks—was hiked from three to 3½ per cent to banks in Philadelphia, Chicago, Minneapolis and Kansas City. The eight other member banks are expected to follow suit in the next few days.

The upward trend in interest rates was interpreted by financial circles here as another indication of the Government's firm intention to further tighten the brakes against a creeping inflation which has cost the cost of living spiralling to new highs over the consecutive months.

#### Others Advanced

The Reserve Board's action today stemmed from other developments earlier in the week. On Tuesday the Bankers Trust Company, New York's sixth largest commercial bank, announced an increase from four to 4½ per cent in the prime rate. This is the rate charged by banks to business borrowers considered prime credit risks. All other interest rates are generally based on this rate.

At the same time, the Federal Reserve was raising the United States discount rate from 3½ to 4 per cent.

The rate on bankers' acceptances—short-term negotiable instruments—used by finance circles in large or in shipment—were hiked ¼ percentage point. Commercial paper—corporation short-term notes—were being quoted at a percentage point higher. Six-month notes of

top credit risks were being offered at four per cent, lesser known companies up to 3½ per cent.

The new prices on these two types of instruments reached back to the early 1930's. The last change in the prime rate took place on August 20, 1956. It was then at its highest since 1933 when the prime rate was first quoted on a nationwide basis.

The reason for the Federal Reserve Board's boosting its rediscount rate was pretty much of a foregone conclusion when the prime rate was advanced.

The new rate of 4½ per cent was widened to 1½ points the spread in the three per cent rediscount rate in effect since August 21, 1956.

Take Advantage

Only a short time ago, the Federal Reserve was saying that there was no reason for boosting the rediscount rate, provided of course that banks were not taking advantage of the gap between this rate and the prime rate to borrow at the reserve and then use these funds for speculation in Treasury bills or other investments.

The Board's action was viewed also as a warning of another assault on the part of the Government

to further tighten the nation's credit structure in order to discourage a possible runaway inflation. One of the avowed aims of the Government's anti-inflationary policy has been to curb business borrowing, as well as unnecessary consumer spending.

Corporate spending, meanwhile, continues to rise to new records, although some companies have had to either postpone planned expenditures or abandon them altogether. Others, especially those willing to pay high interest rates, found no trouble getting the necessary financing.

Under Secretary of the Treasury, W. Randolph Burgess has blamed the current inflation on two factors too much demand for capital spending, plus, time lags while the demand worked its way through the economy; and wage increases which he said have exceeded productivity gains.

#### More Time

The action by the Board of this time was also prompted by some long-range considerations, according to financial circles. With the demand for funds generally heavier in the approaching autumn season, the money market would thus have more time in which to adjust itself to the tighter money conditions.

The upward trend in interest rates is expected to trigger a new round of political debate in the Congress. Democrats—insisting that the Government's policy works a hardship on the average wage earner—have blamed business dislocations in some segments of the economy on the policy of credit restraint.

Defending the Government's fiscal program, Burgess told a Senate Finance Committee that interest rates are not too high, that the prime rate is still lower than the average for some other countries. In addition, he added, the Government has a better chance of getting credit than ever before in history. He also said there was a good chance that interest rates would be lower a year from now.

#### Helped Depress

Tuesday's prime rate advance helped depress bond and stock prices. The Dow-Jones Industrial average—generally considered a barometer of investor sentiment—lost 6.65 points on the day, closing at 494.13. Even the rail average suffered despite strong rumors that the railroads would be granted a four to seven per cent freight rate hike. This was announced after the market close. The rail average closed off 2.09 points, to 47.10, or 1.40 per cent.

Meanwhile, Treasury three-month obligations closed lower at 3.33 bid, compared with 3.29 at the previous close. The prime interest hike postponed also the pricing of \$165,000,000 of Federal National Mortgage Association's debentures which were to have been priced that night. In keeping with the rising money rates, this issue was offered the following morning carrying a 4½ per cent interest rate, highest interest rate in the long-term history.

The Government securities market recovered some of its equilibrium on Wednesday after the Tuesday shock with the 91-day bills due on November 7 quoted at 3.31 yield, compared with 3.33 bid, but there were some losses of ¼ to ½ on the intermediate and long-term issues.

Elsewhere, savings banks in Pennsylvania boosted their interest rates another ½ per cent to 3½ per cent, and the Federal Housing Administration raised to 5½ per cent the ceiling which lenders can charge on FHA mortgages. The FHA also lowered the minimum down payment on mortgage in order to give the lagging building new impetus.—United Press.

### The Bank Of France Statement

Paris, Aug. 11. The Bank of France statement for the week ended Aug. 11, reads as follows:

Total gold holdings	201,201,324,426
Total other assets	12,703,037,330
Total liabilities abroad	11,771,000,000
Bank notes in circulation	202,902,753,022
Current accounts	3,204,751,431,200
Deposits	411,200,500,130

—United Press.

#### NAMESAKES

Answers—1. Racing, 2. Macmillan, 3. Trophy, 4. Flying, 5. Frame, 6. Stars, 7. Ulster, 8. Track, 9. Accelerator. Geoff Duke.

### HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

Our Own Correspondent

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to approximately \$441,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Sales
BANKS	900	910	25 @ 910
INSURANCE	02	02	103 @ 912
SHIPPING	7.75	7.90	4900 @ 7.80
WHEELWORKS	112	112	3000 @ 12
DOCKERS, ETC.	112	112	3000 @ 12
Land, etc.	112	112	3000 @ 12
HK Land	307.5	307.5	300 @ 307.5
Realty	1.475	1.475	112
Amalg.	1.50	1.525	100
Public Works	1.325	1.375	100
Trust	21.30	24.40	300 @ 24.40

Star Ferry 133 135 300 @ 135  
Yankee 137 135 300 @ 135  
C. Light (O) 16.50 16.50 2000 @ 16.50  
Electric (O) 12.50 12.50 310 @ 12.50  
Mesco (O) 10.40 10.40 100 @ 10.40  
Telegraph 28 28.50 1000 @ 28.50  
INDUSTRIALS  
Cement 22.5 30 100 @ 30  
Steel, etc. 11 11 100 @ 11  
Dairy 15.5 15.70 100 @ 15.70  
Kwang S. 12.50 12.50 10 @ 12.50  
Kwang S. 4.30 4.35 1200 @ 4.35  
Nanhai 9 9 100 @ 9  
MISCELLANEOUS  
Agriculture 16 16 100 @ 16  
INVESTMENTS  
Allied 4.20 4.20 100 @ 4.20

#### AVERAGE

At the close on Friday the Dow-Jones Industrial average stood at 494.13, off 6.32 points; the weekly total, 145.02 off 4.52; utilities 60.21 off 0.46; and 65 stocks 172.00 off 3.17.

Of the 1392 issues traded, most since July 19, 1952 declined while 315 advanced and 175 held unchanged. There were 102 new lows for the year and only 22 new highs. Declines came into all sections save Wednesday when the market enjoyed a fairly good recovery. Some had thought it might be ready for another try at the all-time record in the industrials but it soon started resuming its decline.

#### CONSOLIDATION

The market was seen as being a possible consolidation period running for several weeks before enough momentum can be generated to make another try at the high.

Best performer of the week were the motors where Chrysler gained nearly a point and General Motors, Ford, Standard Oil (N.Y.), US Steel fifth, and General Dynamics, sixth.

Bethlehem Steel led the market in turnover on the week with Sunbeam Mining second, General Motors third, Standard Oil (N.Y.) fourth, US Steel fifth, and General Dynamics, sixth.

#### Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:

U.S. dollar (per \$1)	5.97
Sterling notes (per £1)	16.75
Australian notes (per £1)	12.10
Indonesian rupiah (per 100)	11.70
Siam baht (per 100)	27.40
Singapore (Straits)	1.80

—United Press.

#### COTTON FUTURES KEPT UNDER PRESSURE

By WILLIAM T. PLUNKETT

New York, Aug. 11.

Improving crop prospects and lower-than-expected Government price supports combined to keep cotton futures under pressure last week for the third time in a row.

At Friday's close the list ruled off 34 to 101 points, or \$1.70 to \$5.05 a bale lower than the preceding week.

From the seasonal highs established in early July, the market showed a cumulative fall of 139 to 178 points, or \$9.95 to \$8.70 a bale.

Buying on technical reasons, and a sense-down trade demand, brought intermittent rallies, but prices succumbed each time to a resumption of liquidation and hedge selling as new crop marketing commenced to gain headway.

#### EFFORTS

Sharing considerable market attention were reports that some late minute efforts may be made to put through some form of farm legislation at this session of Congress.

The House Agriculture Committee was reported considering a revised version of a cash subsidy cotton bill designed to make cotton available for domestic mills at world prices. Reportedly, under the bill, the Government would pay farmers the difference between the world price and 80 per cent of parity. However, traders said only a certain amount of the crop would be eligible for this compensation payment. At the weekend, traders awaited more definite details on the measure. The Government's September 1 crop indication of 11,097,000

### WALL STREET STOCKS GO DOWN SHARPLY

By ELMER WALZER

New York, Aug. 11.

Tight money and talk of business uncertainties for the fourth quarter brought stocks down sharply during the past week.

Industrial average hit its high on July 12 and the rails made the top on July 15. Up to those dates the industrials had gained 15.95 points from the Feb. 11 low and the rails had gained 14.58 points.

At the close last week the industrials were down 23.00 points or 36 per cent from their high.

Last week's decline was accompanied by slightly higher volume of trading. Daily sales averaged 1,084,450 shares, against 1,772,536 shares in the previous week.

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### AMERICA REDUCES SUGAR QUOTA

Washington, Aug. 11.

The Agriculture Department last Saturday reduced the 1957 sugar marketing quota by 100,000 tons because plenty of sugar is reaching the market and prices are falling.

The quota was cut from 9,000,000 to 8,900,000 tons. The reduction followed the 1951 quota of 9,000,000 tons set last December. The increase was imposed to check rising prices.

However, the Department said the upward pressure on prices during May and June was reversed in July.

#### WORLD MARKET

On Aug. 8 the world market price of sugar was 4.10 cents a pound, or 2.05 cents lower than at the beginning of July and 2.75 cents below the high registered on April 22. The domestic price was 6.15 cents a pound July paid, or 0.45 cents below the high of July 5.

Here are the decreases from previous quotas:

Domestic beet sugar	42,376 tons; Mainland cane sugar, 13,039 tons; Cuba, 29,175 tons; Peru, 4,334 tons; Dominican Republic, 4,060 tons; Mexico, 5,100 tons; Nicaragua, 574 tons; Haiti, 200 tons; Netherlands, 70 tons; China, 50 tons; Panama, 50 tons; Costa Rica, 50 tons.—United Press.
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#### Cotton Price Support Postponed

Washington, Aug. 11.

The House Agriculture Committee last Saturday postponed until next year any action on a proposed new price support program for cotton.

The program would give cotton growers direct subsidy payments from the Treasury. The Committee agreed to delay action until Jan. 1958.

The Committee also rejected an attempt by Rep. Clifford G. McFadden to substitute a proposal to make surplus cotton available to U.S. textile mills at prices determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. This proposal was designed to allow the U.S. cotton textile industry to regain the amount of its exports during 1947 through 1952.—United Press.

### SUGAR EXPORT QUOTA

New York, Aug. 11.

The Philippines might be able to fill its 1957 U.S. sugar export quota with new crops, according to B. W. Dyer & Co. sugar economists and brokers. The company was commenting on a reported Philippine shortage. According to these reports, 55,000 short tons of sugar was officially diverted from local Philippine consumption from sugar reserved for export to the United States. Earlier, 10,000 tons were similarly diverted.—United Press.

#### The Bank Of England Statement

London, Aug. 11. The Bank of England statement for the week ended Aug. 11, reads as follows:

Total note circulation	2,055,195,000
Public deposits	12,971,000
Private deposits	28,502,200
Government securities	223,000,000
Other securities	4,000,000
Receipts	32,000,000
Ratio	100.00

—United Press.

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# CHINA MAIL

Page 10 MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1957.

**SHEAFFER'S**  
*Skrip*

## WEISS TO GET INTERPRETER District Court Action Is Adjourned

Judge K. R. Macfee at the Victoria District Court this morning granted an application for an adjournment of the action against the Peak Tramways, Ltd, in order that a German interpreter may be obtained for Mr Karel Weiss, managing director of the plaintiff company.

The Judge, however, refused an application for the evidence of Mr Weiss to be taken all over again.

Mr Weiss was being cross-examined when the hearing was adjourned for the day last week.

The plaintiff firm, The Graphic Press, Ltd, of Room 304, 4 Queen's Road Central, sued the tramway company in the sum of \$3,462.19 for work done and material used in pursuance of an alleged verbal agreement that the tramways would buy up reserve stocks of tickets, which the defendants deny.

### ENGAGING COUNSEL

Mr D. L. H. Roberts, of Hastings and Co., is representing the Graphic Press. Mr R. H. Hindmarsh, of Messrs Dencours, is appearing for the Peak Tramways.

This morning, Mr Roberts submitted that it was by the interest of justice that an interpreter be called and that the evidence of Mr Weiss should be taken all over again.

Mr Roberts also stated that Mr Weiss was also engaging counsel.

Mr Hindmarsh told the Court that the plaintiffs had had ample time to prepare their case. This matter, he said, had arisen after Mr Weiss had finished giving his evidence, and Mr Weiss had hitherto not said anything about not being able to understand English.

If the evidence were to be given again, even through an interpreter, Mr Hindmarsh went on, it would be unfair to the defendants.

### NOT PROPER

Judge Macfee said he did not think it proper to hear the evidence again. That, he said, would be a considerable extent amount to a retrial, and would be unfair to the defendants.

He would therefore refuse the application to hear the evidence again, he said.

Mr Roberts said enquiries had shown that a German interpreter would be available to him by the end of the week.

Mr Hindmarsh said he was not opposing this application about the interpreter.

Hearing was adjourned until 9.30 a.m. on August 20. An order for costs of today's hearing was made against the plaintiffs.

## HK TO BE REPRESENTED AT SCIENCE CONGRESS

By A CHINA MAIL REPORTER

Hongkong will send a delegation of about 10 people to the Pacific Science Congress to be held in Bangkok later this year.

The University of Hongkong confirmed this morning that the University had received an invitation several months ago to attend the congress.

A spokesman said that the University had accepted the invitation and would send a delegation of 10.

He said a lot of details would have to be worked out. An announcement would be made in a few days giving the names of the delegation and

other matters pertaining to the meeting.

Fifty territories in the Pacific region or interested in the Pacific have been invited to attend a congress, according to a Reuter cable from Bangkok. It would be held from November 13 to December 9.

Among the subjects to be discussed will be oceanography, forest resources, crop improvement, coconut problems, fisheries and nutrition.

## H.E. Is Told How It's Done



The Governor seen during the course of a visit to the three North Point factories this morning.—China Mail Photo.

## Governor Visits Three Factories At North Point

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, had a busy morning when he made a two-hour inspection tour of three factories at North Point.

Accompanying the Governor throughout was Mr H. A. Angus, Director of Commerce and Industry.

Sir Alexander first visited the Union Metal Works Ltd, 989 King's Road.

Mr S. S. Chan, Chairman of the Union Metal Works, and Mr S. H. Sun, Managing Director, escorted the Governor around the workshop.

In a room where the inside temperature was 92°F and where machines hummed, Mr S. H. Sun explained to the distinguished guests every development and every department of the work.

The Governor also visited the tool room and press shop. He saw how hurricane lamps were spray-painted, inspected, packed and passed to storage, and he was particularly interested in the automatic lathe shop.

### GLOVE FACTORY

Leaving the Union Metal Works for Paris Glove Company, Stanhope House, 734 King's Road, the Governor was received by the Hon. C. Blaker, the Chairman, while Mr S. A. Birkholm, Managing Director, escorted the Governor around.

Asked by the Governor where the gloves were being sent, Mr Birkholm said mainly to British and American markets. The figure for the export business was \$1.5 million a year.

Mr Birkholm told the Governor that they were making gloves for manufacturers in America, England, and Australia who found that the type of glove produced in Hongkong was of high quality and workmanship, and fully equal to their own factories' production.

The gloves were produced cheaper in Hongkong and additional possibilities existed for decoration and styling.

The Governor was also told that the factory used more than \$50,000 worth of fabric imported from England monthly.

### TOBACCO FACTORY

After inspecting the premises, the Governor left for the Hongkong Tobacco Co. Ltd, 487-489 King's Road. He was met on arrival by Mr H. C. Yang, Managing Director.

The output of this Company is three million cigarettes a day. Ninety-five per cent of the product is for local consumption.

Inside the softening room, the Governor saw how the leaf is softened by being passed through a steamer.

## FIFTH DIESEL HERE

A 75-ton diesel locomotive, the last of five ordered by the Hongkong Government for its railway modernisation programme, arrived by the ss Eastern from Australia this afternoon.

The locomotive will shortly be put into service by the Kowloon Canton Railway (British Section). The other four have been in service since their arrival last month.

## H.E. To Attend Katherine Dunham Show Tonight

HE the Governor and Lady Grantham will attend the Katherine Dunham Show at the Empire Theatre tonight. Included in their party will be Mrs R. B. MacBride, Jr, niece of Lady Grantham, and her two children.

Also attending the show will be Mr Thomas P. Dillon, United States Consul General here, and Mrs Dillon, and their party.

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"You surprised dad, but mom had a feeling somebody was coming for a visit—she gets terrible premonitions!"

## ERASED AN ENDORSEMENT ON HIS LICENCE

A man who went down to the Court Shroff's office to have his licence endorsed and to pay a fine of \$50 for driving without reasonable consideration was promptly called back to the traffic court this morning.

It was discovered that he had erased a previous endorsement on his licence.

Sub-inspector D. G. Carter, then charged the taxi-driver, Chu Wai Po, of 13 Tsim Yuan Street, first floor, with having made an unauthorised alteration to the licence.

Chu was arrested and brought back to the central police station. He appeared before Mr Thomas Tam at court.

Chu was said to have driven his taxi, along Yee Wo Street, outside Roxy Theatre on May 29 without reasonable consideration. A police yeoman on patrol following defendant saw him suddenly drive out to the middle of the road. He did not put out his indicator or give a hand signal.

## OWNER OF ALSATIAN SUMMONED BEFORE COURT

Mr H. Schleper, owner of a brown Alsatian dog, was summoned before Court this morning for keeping a dangerous dog not under control.

Defendant represented by Mr J. C. Wilman, of Johnson, Stokes & Mastey, pleaded not guilty before Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central Court.

According to the prosecution the Police took action when a number of complaints had been received about two dogs' fighting.

The complaints were made by Mr W. M. Buchan of 20 Broadwood Road.

### OWNED TERRIER

Sub-inspector Y. C. Yeung prosecuted.

Mr Buchan, owner of a Fox Terrier, giving evidence on oath, told the Court that in the evening of July 6 he heard a commotion in the garden.

Accompanied by his wife, he went out and saw a big brown Alsatian dog attacking his dog which was chained to its kennel.

The fight took place in the presence of defendant's wife.

Mr Buchan said his wife tried to chase the dog away but the Alsatian dog turned on her.

He grabbed the dog's tail and swung it away. Then the dog's muzzle slipped. To protect himself Mr Buchan picked up a stone and chased the dog away.

### DOG INJURED

The witness said his dog was injured on the head.

Previously said Mr Buchan his dog had been attacked by the same dog six times. On one occasion his dog was taken to the hospital.

Mr Buchan also said after each of these attacks he complained to Mr or Mr Schleper.

Mr Schleper was co-operative and understanding but his wife did not carry out his requests, said Mr Buchan.

The case to be continued tomorrow morning.

## Two Dead In Road Accidents

Two people were killed and six others injured in separate traffic accidents on the roads of the Colony over the weekend.

A 60-year-old Chinese woman was killed at about noon yesterday when she was knocked down by a private car in Main Street West, Shaokwan.

The deceased, Leo Yung, resided at Hut No. 180, Wang Hang Village, Shaokwan. After knocking down the woman, the private car collided with a tram.

Fatal injuries were sustained by a nine-year-old Chinese boy, Lau Kam-shing, when he was run over by a private car in Clear Water Bay Road, outside the Kai Tak Airport Police Station, at about 11 a.m. yesterday. The boy resided at No. 63, Main Road, ground floor, Tung Tau Village.

Of the six pedestrians injured in traffic accidents, four were children under ten years of age. Six-year-old Wong Heung, living at No. 48, Lyndhurst Terrace, first floor, was knocked down by a private car near her house on Saturday. The girl was admitted to Queen Mary Hospital for treatment.

### Knocked Down

Chu Chun-wing, aged six, residing at KIL 5688, Tai Hang Tung Street, also sustained injuries in a traffic accident in Tai Hang Street, Ngau Tau Village, on Saturday. He was admitted to Kowloon Hospital.

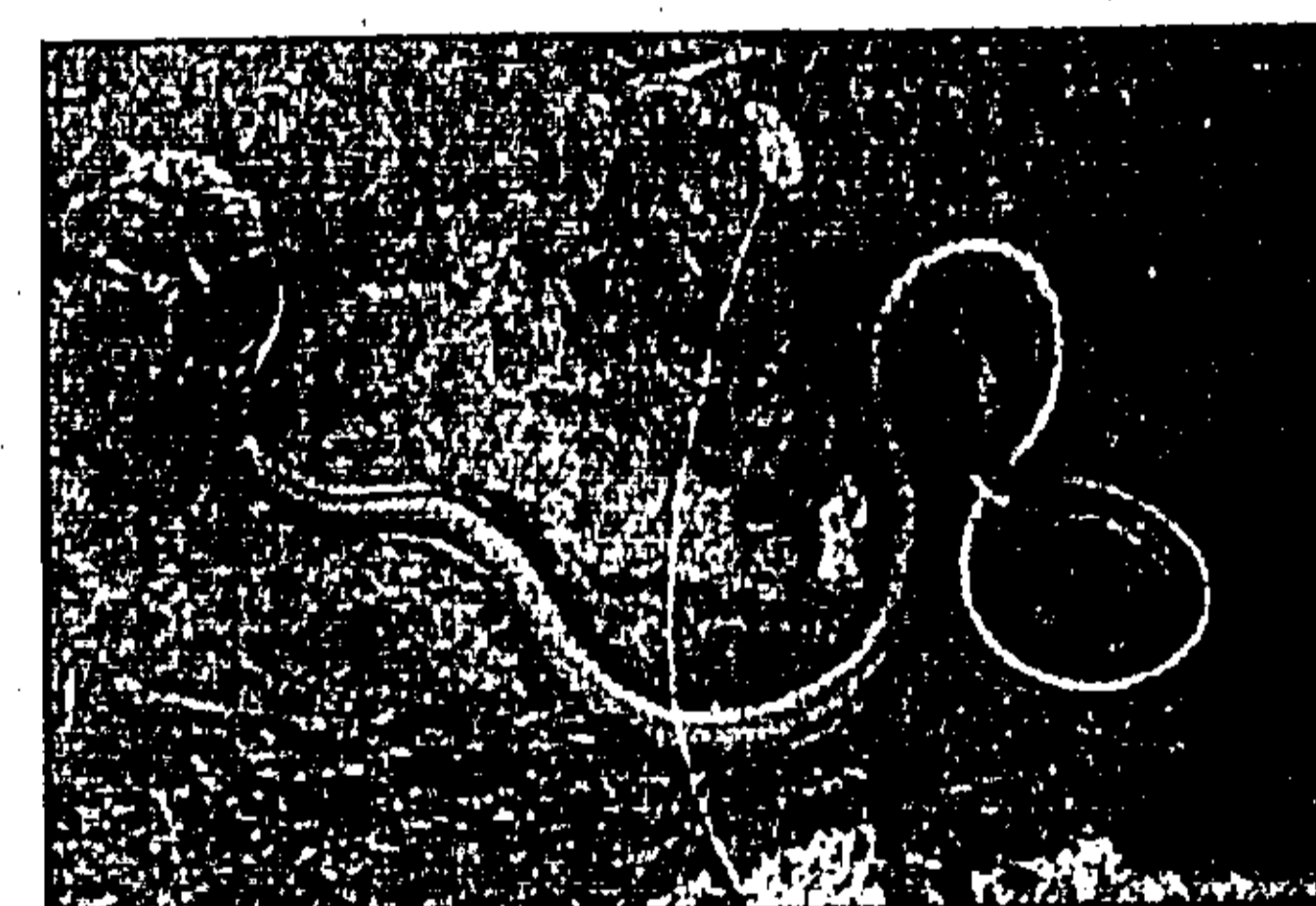
A six-year-old girl, Siu Yuk-lewan, of No. 44, Battery Street, second floor, was knocked down by a private car travelling down Battery Street, near Saigon Street at 9.10 p.m. yesterday and admitted to Kowloon Hospital for treatment.

At about 8.30 p.m. on Saturday, a private car travelling along Lai Chi Kok Road collided with a nine-year-old boy, Lai King-cheung, living at No. 122, Tai Nam Street, 4th floor. The boy received injuries and was admitted to Kowloon Hospital.

## Python At Tai Tam



Above: One of the staff of the Waterworks who helped catch the snake. Below is the picture of the cobra.



## Hongkong Resident Catches 2 Snakes

By a China Mail Reporter

Every year Hongkong has its snake scares.

Most end up as cocktail party gossip—there was the one a couple of years ago seen lying near the cot of a sleeping baby in a Peak garden, which the Fah Wong chased away.

And a green snake that made an unbecoming appearance at a dinner party at Lugard Road which the English host and his guests chased on to the sweet pea trellis and eventually killed by beating it with walking sticks.

### Dead In 4 Hours

And—less amusing—the one that dropped around a lady's neck from the low hanging branches of a tree one dark night.

On Wednesday, a 25-year-old farmer Mok Hing-wan living at Ma Wen Chung Village, Lantau, tried to catch a King Cobra, a rare and extremely venomous snake. The cobra bit him and he died four hours later.

On Saturday the China Mail published photographs of the snake.

Above are four photographs sent in by Mr G. J. White, 41 Morrison Hill Road, Hongkong.

These two snakes were caught in June by Mr White—one was a cobra measuring seven feet, dark brown in colour with darker streaks on the skin. It was found lying in low water on the edge of a catchment in the Juddau estate, above South Bay.

### Six-Foot Python

The other, a python, six feet long, was first seen falling in the overflow of the filter beds of the Wongneichong Reservoir at Tai Tam.

A workman at the filter beds was called to assist in catching the snake and it was forced ashore with sticks and killed.



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